

EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS DANA WAFI

INTERIM REPORT

FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD
ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016



Dear Valued Investor,

Greetings from Eastspring Investments Berhad!

First and foremost, we would like to take this opportunity to thank you for choosing to invest with Eastspring Investments Berhad.

We are pleased to enclose a copy of the Annual/Interim/Quarterly Fund Reports of Eastspring Investments Berhad's fund(s) for the reporting period ended 30 September 2016.

You may also download these reports from our website at www.eastspringinvestments.com.my

Should you require any assistance, please do not hesitate to contact our Client Services at 03-2332 1000.

Yours sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Raymond Tang', written in a cursive style.

Raymond Tang Chee Kin

Non-Independent, Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

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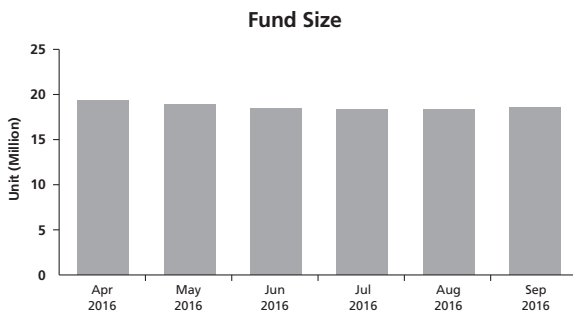
FUND INFORMATION

Name of Fund	Eastspring Investments Dana Wafi (the "Fund")
Fund Category/ Type	Sukuk/income
Fund Objective	<p>The Fund seeks to generate stable income* by investing in Shariah-compliant fixed income securities.</p> <p>* Income distributed to a Unit Holder will be reinvested into additional Units unless Unit Holder opts for the distribution to be paid out.</p>
Performance Benchmark	<p>Quant Shop Malaysian Government Securities ("MGS") Medium Index</p> <p>Source: www.quantshop.com</p> <p>Note: The risk profile of the Fund is different from the risk profile of the performance benchmark.</p>
Fund Income Distribution Policy	At least once a year, subject to the availability of income.

FUND INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

Breakdown of Unit Holdings by Size

As at 30 September 2016, the size of Eastspring Investments Dana Wafi stood at 18.523 million units.



Breakdown of Unit Holdings

Unit Holdings	No. of Unit Holders	%	No of Units* ('000)	%
5,000 units and below	91	20.45	259	1.40
5,001 to 10,000 units	92	20.67	649	3.50
10,001 to 50,000 units	199	44.72	4,593	24.80
50,001 to 500,000 units	59	13.26	6,696	36.15
500,001 units and above	4	0.90	6,325	34.15
Total	445	100.00	18,522	100.00

* excludes units held by the Manager.

KEY PERFORMANCE DATA

FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED

Category	30.9.2016	30.9.2015	30.9.2014
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Sukuk	95.03	70.73	90.31
Cash and other assets	4.97	29.27	9.69
Total	100.00	100.00	100.00
Net Asset Value (NAV) (RM'000)	10,644	16,886	16,007
Units In Circulation (Units '000)	18,523	30,959	30,195
Net Asset Value Per Unit (RM)	0.5746	0.5454	0.5301
Highest Net Asset Value Per Unit (RM)	0.5746	0.5478	0.5301
Lowest Net Asset Value Per Unit (RM)	0.5587	0.5401	0.5176
Total Return (%)			
Capital Growth	2.85	1.00	2.43
Income Distribution	-	-	-
Total Return (%)	2.85	1.00	2.43
Gross Distribution Per Unit (RM)	-	-	-
Net Distribution Per Unit (RM)	-	-	-
Management Expense Ratio (MER) (%) [*]	0.75	0.71	0.69
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR) (times) [^]	0.16	0.17	0.37

* There were no significant changes to the MER during the period under review.

[^] There were no significant changes to the PTR during the period under review.

KEY PERFORMANCE DATA (CONTINUED)

	1 year 1.10.2015 to 30.9.2016	3 years 1.10.2013 to 30.9.2016	5 years 1.10.2011 to 30.9.2016
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Average total return	5.35	3.74	3.54

Year ended	1.4.2015 to 31.3.2016	1.4.2014 to 31.3.2015	1.4.2013 to 31.3.2014	1.4.2012 to 31.3.2013	1.4.2011 to 31.3.2012
	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
Annual total return	3.46	4.35	1.41	3.81	4.19

Source: Lipper for Investment Management, as at 30 September 2016.

Bases of calculation and assumptions made in calculating returns:

$$\text{Percentage growth} = \frac{\text{NAV}_t}{\text{NAV}_0} - 1$$

NAV_t = NAV at the end of the period

NAV_0 = NAV at the beginning of the period

$$\text{Performance annualised} = (1 + \text{Percentage Growth})^{1/n} - 1$$

n = Number of years

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

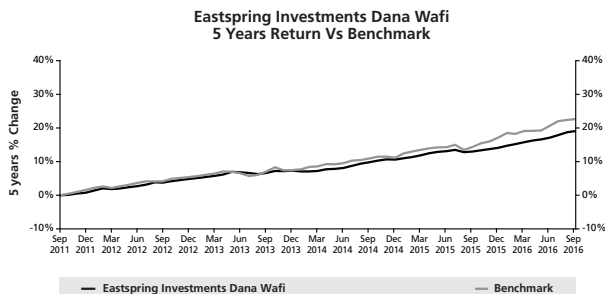
MANAGER'S REPORT

Fund Performance

Over the 5-year period, the Fund recorded a return of 19.04%, underperforming the benchmark return of 22.66% by 3.62%.

For the period under review, the Fund registered a return of 2.85%, underperforming the benchmark return of 3.01% by 0.16%.

The Fund's underperformance was attributable to the Fund's overweight position in selected corporate sukuk which underperformed the medium term government sukuk.



The performance is calculated on NAV-to-NAV basis with gross income or dividend reinvested.

Benchmark: Quant Shop MGS Medium Index

Source: Lipper for Investment Management and www.quantshop.com, as at 30 September 2016.

Past performance of the Fund is not necessarily indicative of its future performance.

MANAGER'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

Analysis of Fund Performance

For the financial period ended 30 September 2016:

Income Return	Capital Return*	Total Return	Total Return of Benchmark
(%)	(%)	(%)	(%)
0.00	2.85	2.85	3.01

* Capital return components (NAV per unit to NAV per unit)

Distribution/ Unit Split

No distribution or unit split were declared for the financial period ended 30 September 2016.

Investment Strategy During Period Under Review

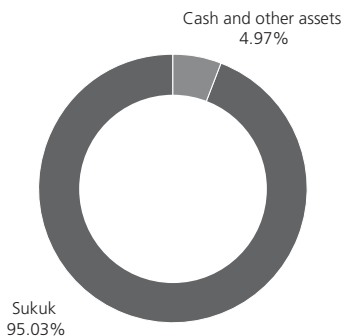
The Fund participated in selected quality sukuk for yield pick-up and traded on market volatility, subject to liquidity constraints.

MANAGER'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

Asset
Allocation

Asset Allocation	30-Sep 2016	31-Mar 2016	Changes
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Sukuk	95.03	99.81	(5.72)
Cash and other assets	4.97	0.19	5.72

Asset Allocation as at 30 September 2016



There were no significant changes in asset allocation of the Fund for the period under review.

MANAGER'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

State of Affairs of the Fund

There have been neither significant change to the state of affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unit holders during the period under review.

However, in the Eastspring Investments Supplementary Master Prospectus dated 13 May 2016, the information in relation to the 2nd paragraph of the investment strategy for the Fund has been revised as follows:

The Fund shall invest in sukuk with a minimum credit rating of BBB3 or P2 by RAM Rating Services Berhad ("RAM"), or its equivalent rating by any other domestic rating agencies. Should the credit rating of the sukuk be downgraded by the rating agencies to below the minimum credit rating, Eastspring Investments Berhad ("the Manager") may dispose the affected sukuk in the market.

Cross-Trade Transaction

During the period under review, there were cross-trades executed through a dealer or a financial institution on an arm's length and fair value basis and in the best interest of the unit holders.

MARKET REVIEW

Bank Negara Malaysia (“BNM”) maintained the Overnight Policy Rate (“OPR”) at 3.25% in the first half of 2016. However, on 13 July 2016, BNM cut its OPR for the first time since 2014 by 25 basis points (“bps”) to 3.00%. BNM’s move to ease monetary policy is seen as a pre-emptive move to spur the Malaysian economy from the slower global growth coupled with arising risks from Britain’s withdrawal from the European Union. At the Monetary Policy Committee meeting on 7 September, BNM left the OPR unchanged at 3.00% as the central bank maintained its view that the OPR is consistent with the accommodativeness and that the global economy continues to expand at a moderate pace. BNM anticipates that the domestic economy is expected to remain robust and grow between 4%-4.5% for 2016 but global uncertainties could weigh on Malaysia’s growth. BNM expects domestic demand to be the main driver of growth while private consumption is expected to be supported by stable wage and employment growth. BNM mentioned that the central bank would be data dependent before deciding its next course of action.

Headline inflation decline from 2.6% year-on-year (“y-o-y”) in March to 1.5% y-o-y in August 2016. In the first eight months of 2016, inflation increased by 2.3% yoy mainly due to higher prices of Alcoholic Beverages & Tobacco (+21.4% y-o-y) and Food & Non-alcoholic beverages (+4.2% y-o-y). However, the rise in inflation was slightly offset by lower Transportation (-5.2% y-o-y) and Communication costs (-1.1% y-o-y). BNM expects inflation to be at the lower end of the 2% to 3% range for 2016 and to remain relatively stable in 2017 given the environment of low global energy and commodity prices, and generally subdued global inflation.

For the period under review, the 3-year, 5-year, 10-year and 15-year sovereign bond yields fell by 38bps, 16bps, 23bps and 25bps to close at 2.84%, 3.24%, 3.55% and 3.91% respectively¹. MGS rallied in 1Q2016 on the Statutory Reserve Requirement (“SRR”) cut by BNM which was announced on 21 January followed by the Federal Open Market Committee (“FOMC”)’s dovish statement on 16 March 2016 which signalled a very gradual path of rate hikes in 2016. Demand for MGS continued to remain strong as BNM cut the OPR by 25bps in July coupled with strong buying interest from foreign and domestic investors due to heightened expectations of monetary easing by major global central banks.

Corporate bond yields generally moved in tandem with sovereign bond yields, albeit at a lag. Activities in the corporate bond market were supported by ample liquidity and a stable credit environment.

¹ **Source:** Bloomberg

On the supply front, total outstanding Malaysian Ringgit ("MYR") issuances at the end of September 2016 stood at about MYR1,176 billion, of which approximately 43.8% was conventional and 56.2% was Islamic². The proportion of corporate sukuk in the sukuk universe was higher at about 59.2% compared to the proportion of corporate bonds in the conventional bonds universe of about 27.2%. Major primary issuances were from the banking and infrastructure sectors as well as government guaranteed issuances. Major issuances included MYR5.5 billion from Sarawak Hydro, MYR4.5 billion from Danainfra, MYR3.6 billion from Lebuhraya DUKE Fasa 3 and MYR2.6 billion from Jambatan Kedua Sdn Berhad.

REBATES AND SOFT COMMISSIONS

During the period under review, the Manager and its delegates (if any) did not receive any soft commissions from stockbrokers.

² **Source:** Bond Pricing Agency Malaysia

EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS DANA WAFI

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

We, Tang Chee Kin and Khoo Chuan Keat, being two of the Directors of Eastspring Investments Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying unaudited financial statements set out on pages 15 to 48 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deed and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 September 2016 and of its financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows for the six months financial period ended on that date in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Manager,
EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS BERHAD

TANG CHEE KIN
Executive Director/Chief Executive Officer

KHOO CHUAN KEAT
Director

Kuala Lumpur
Date: 18 November 2016

TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS DANA WAFI

We have acted as Trustee for Eastspring Investments Dana Wafi (the "Fund") for the financial period ended 30 September 2016. To the best of our knowledge, for the period under review, Eastspring Investments Berhad (the "Manager") has operated and managed the Fund in accordance with the following:

- a. limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Manager and Trustee under the Deed, the Securities Commission's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds, the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 and other applicable laws;
- b. the valuation/pricing for the Fund has been carried out in accordance with the Deed of the Fund and applicable regulatory requirements; and
- c. creation and cancellation of units for the Fund have been carried out in accordance with the Deed of the Fund and applicable regulatory requirements.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Soon Lai Ching

Senior Manager, Trustee Operations

Maresh Anchan

Head, Trustee Operations

Kuala Lumpur

Date: 18 November 2016

SHARIAH ADVISER'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS DANA WAFI

We have acted as the Shariah Adviser of Eastspring Investments Dana Wafi. Our responsibility is to ensure that the procedures and processes employed by Eastspring Investments Berhad are in accordance with Shariah principles.

In our opinion, Eastspring Investments Berhad has managed and administered Eastspring Investments Dana Wafi in accordance with Shariah principles and complied with applicable guidelines, rulings and decisions issued by the Securities Commission pertaining to Shariah matters for the financial period ended 30 September 2016.

In addition, we also confirm that the investment portfolio of Eastspring Investments Dana Wafi comprises securities which have been classified as Shariah-compliant by the Shariah Advisory Council of the Securities Commission ("SACSC"). As for the securities which are not certified by the SACSC, we have reviewed the said securities and opine that these securities are designated as Shariah-compliant.

For and on behalf of the Shariah Adviser

IBFIM

AHMAD ZAKIRULLAH BIN MOHAMED SHAARANI

Shariah Advisor/Designated Person Responsible for Shariah Advisory

Kuala Lumpur

Date: 18 November 2016

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

	Note	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2016	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2015
		RM	RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Profit income from Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions		9,861	13,307
Profit income from sukuk		242,772	280,201
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	126,441	(74,136)
		<u>379,074</u>	<u>219,372</u>
EXPENSES			
Management fee	3	(53,349)	(64,366)
Trustee fee	4	(9,026)	(9,009)
Audit fee		(2,908)	(2,858)
Tax agent fee		(1,706)	(1,705)
GST charges		(4,108)	(4,402)
Other expenses		(8,811)	(12,786)
		<u>(79,908)</u>	<u>(95,126)</u>
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		299,166	124,246
TAXATION	5	-	-
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		<u>299,166</u>	<u>124,246</u>
Profit after taxation is made up of the following:			
Realised amount		211,853	204,315
Unrealised amount		87,313	(80,069)
		<u>299,166</u>	<u>124,246</u>

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the unaudited financial statements form an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

	Note	2016	2015
		RM	RM
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	570,604	5,095,068
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	10,115,606	11,943,084
Amount due from Manager		2,626	3,074
TOTAL ASSETS		<u>10,688,836</u>	<u>17,041,226</u>
LIABILITIES			
Amount due to Manager		8,132	117,775
Accrued management fee		8,700	13,315
Amount due to Trustee		1,480	1,475
GST charges payable		611	887
Other payables and accruals		25,806	21,688
TOTAL LIABILITIES		<u>44,729</u>	<u>155,140</u>
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		<u>10,644,107</u>	<u>16,886,086</u>
EQUITY			
Unit holders' capital		10,273,312	17,112,172
Retained earnings/(Accumulated losses)		370,795	(226,086)
NET ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS		<u>10,644,107</u>	<u>16,886,086</u>
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	9	<u>18,523,177</u>	<u>30,959,224</u>
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM)		<u>0.5746</u>	<u>0.5454</u>

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the unaudited financial statements form an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

	Unit holders' capital	Retained earnings/ (Accumulated losses)	Total
	RM	RM	RM
Balance as at 1 April 2016	11,337,821	71,629	11,409,450
Movement in unit holders' contribution:			
Creation of units from applications	303,940	-	303,940
Cancellation of units	(1,368,449)	-	(1,368,449)
Total comprehensive income for the financial period	-	299,166	299,166
Balance as at 30 September 2016	10,273,312	370,795	10,644,107
Balance as at 1 April 2015	12,941,924	(350,332)	12,591,592
Movement in unit holders' contribution:			
Creation of units from applications	10,839,710	-	10,839,710
Cancellation of units	(6,669,462)	-	(6,669,462)
Total comprehensive income for the financial period	-	124,246	124,246
Balance as at 30 September 2015	17,112,172	(226,086)	16,886,086

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the unaudited financial statements form an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2016	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2015
Note	RM	RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES		
Proceeds from sale of sukuk	2,342,300	2,411,760
Purchase of sukuk	(1,015,240)	(2,026,990)
Profit income received from Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	9,861	13,307
Profit income received from sukuk	314,533	275,970
Management fee paid	(54,551)	(61,914)
Trustee fee paid	(9,062)	(9,061)
Payment for other fees and expenses	(18,380)	(22,881)
Net cash generated from operating activities	1,569,461	580,191
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		
Cash proceeds from units created	301,914	10,878,678
Payments for cancellation of units	(1,384,842)	(6,551,687)
Net cash (used in)/generated from financing activities	(1,082,928)	4,326,991
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
	486,533	4,907,182
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		
	84,071	187,886
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD		
7	570,604	5,095,068

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the unaudited financial statements form an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards (“MFRS”) and International Financial Reporting Standards (“IFRS”), under the historical cost convention as modified by financial assets at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the MFRS and IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported financial period. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Fund’s accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgment are based on the Manager’s best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note I.

The new standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations to existing standards that are applicable to the Fund but not yet effective and have not been early adopted are as follows:

- i. Financial year beginning on/after 1 April 2017
 - Amendments to MFRS 107 “Statement of Cash Flows – Disclosure Initiative” (effective from 1 January 2017) introduce an additional disclosure on changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.

The Fund will apply this standard when effective. This standard is not expected to have a significant impact on the Fund’s financial statements.

ii. Financial year beginning on/after 1 April 2018

- MFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” (effective from 1 January 2018) will replace MFRS 139 “Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement”.

MFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model in MFRS 139 and establishes three primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortised cost, fair value through profit or loss and fair value through other comprehensive income (“OCI”). The basis of classification depends on the entity’s business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. Investments in equity instruments¹ are always measured at fair value through profit or loss with an irrevocable option at inception to present changes in fair value in OCI (provided the instrument is not held for trading). A debt instruments² is measured at amortised cost only if the entity is holding it to collect contractual cash flows and the cash flows represent principal and interest³.

For liabilities, the standard retains most of the MFRS 139 requirements. These include amortised cost accounting for most financial liabilities, with bifurcation of embedded derivatives¹. The main change is that, in cases where the fair value option is taken for financial liabilities, the part of a fair value change due to an entity’s own credit risk is recorded in other comprehensive income rather than the income statement, unless this creates an accounting mismatch.

MFRS 9 introduces an expected credit losses model on impairment for all financial assets that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used in MFRS 139. The expected credit losses model is forward-looking and eliminates the need for a trigger event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.

The Fund will apply this standard when effective. This standard is not expected to have a significant impact on the Fund’s financial statements.

¹ For the purposes of the investments made by the Fund, equity instruments and derivatives refers to Shariah-compliant equity instruments and Shariah-compliant derivatives.

² For the purposes of the investments made by the Fund, debt instruments refers to sukuk.

³ For the purposes of this Fund, interest refers to profits earned from Shariah-compliant investments.

- MFRS 15 “Revenue from contracts with customers” (effective from 1 January 2018) replaces MFRS 118 “Revenue” and MFRS 111 “Construction contracts” and related interpretations. The standard deals with revenue recognition and establishes principles for reporting useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity’s contracts with customers.

Revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of a good or service and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the good or service. The core principle in MFRS 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to the customer in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

The Fund will apply this standard when effective. This standard is not expected to have a significant impact on the Fund’s financial statements.

B. INCOME RECOGNITION

Profit income earned from Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions and sukuk are recognised on the accrual basis, using the effective profit method.

Realised gain or loss on disposal of unquoted sukuk is accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of unquoted sukuk, which is determined on cost adjusted for accretion of discount and amortisation of premium on investments for unquoted sukuk.

C. TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable profit earned during the financial period.

D. PRESENTATION AND FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the “functional currency”). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (“RM”), which is the Fund’s presentation and functional currency.

E. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

i. Classification

The Fund designates its Shariah-compliant investment in sukuk as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at inception.

Financial assets are designated as fair value through profit or loss when they are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis.

Receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market.

The Fund’s receivables comprise cash and cash equivalents and amount due from Manager which are all due within 12 months.

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

The Fund’s financial liabilities include amount due to Manager, accrued management fee, amount due to Trustee, GST charges payable and other payables and accruals.

ii. Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Shariah-compliant investments are initially recognised at fair value.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the Shariah-compliant investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 139, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished; i.e when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

Unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss' in the period in which they arise. Any unrealised gains however are not distributable.

Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are stated at cost plus accrued profit calculated on the effective profit rate method over the period from the date of placement to the date of maturity of the respective Islamic deposits.

Sukuk are carried at cost and adjusted for any amortisation of premium or accretion of discount from acquisition date to maturity date. The carrying cost is revalued to reflect its fair value on a daily basis using the net present value method based on fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency ('BPA') registered with the Securities Commission. Where such quotations are not available or where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by the BPA for a specific sukuk differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use the market price, provided that the Manager:

- records its basis for using a non-BPA price;
- obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price; and
- keeps an audit trail of all decisions and basis for adopting the market price.

Receivables and other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective profit method.

iii. Impairment for assets carried at amortised costs

For assets carried at amortised cost, the Fund assesses at the end of the reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective profit rate. The asset's carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. If 'receivables' or a 'held-to-maturity investment' have a variable profit rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective profit rate determined under the contract.

As a practical expedient, the Fund may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income.

When an asset is uncollectible, it is written off against the related allowance account. Such assets are written off after all the necessary procedures have been completed and the amount of the loss has been determined.

F. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise bank balance and Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

G. UNIT HOLDERS' CAPITAL

The unit holders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's net assets value;
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase; and
- the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if unit holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unit holders with the total number of outstanding units.

H. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Investment Committee of the Fund's Manager that undertakes strategic decisions for the Fund.

I. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Funds' results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated by the Manager and the Trustee and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

i. Estimate of fair value of sukuk

The Fund uses significant judgment in determining whether an investment is impaired. The Fund evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of the investment is less than cost, and the financial health and near-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, macroeconomic factors and speculation.

In undertaking any of the Fund's investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value.

Sukuk are valued using fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency (BPA). Where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by BPA for a specific sukuk differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use the market price, provided that the Manager records its basis for using a non-BPA price, obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price, and keeps an audit trail of all decisions and basis for adopting the use of non-BPA price.

NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

1. INFORMATION ON THE FUND

Eastspring Investments Dana Wafi (the "Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Master Deed dated 25 July 2002 as amended by a Supplemental Master Deed dated 22 June 2004 and a Second Supplemental Master Deed dated 25 January 2005, followed by Master Supplemental Deed dated 12 July 2007 and Second Supplemental Master Deed dated 30 November 2009 between HSBC (Malaysia) Trustee Berhad ("HSBC Trustee") and Eastspring Investments Berhad (the "Manager"). The Fund replaced HSBC Trustee with Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad (the "Trustee") effective 1 October 2010. A Supplemental Master Deed was entered into between the Manager and the Trustee on 30 July 2010 to effect the change of trustee from HSBC Trustee to the Trustee, followed by a Second Supplemental Master Deed dated 28 January 2011, a Third Supplemental Master Deed dated 9 March 2011, a Fourth Supplemental Master Deed dated 20 January 2012, a Fifth Supplemental Master Deed dated 26 March 2014, a Sixth Supplemental Master Deed dated 2 January 2015 and a Seventh Supplemental Master Deed dated 11 July 2016 (collectively referred to as the "Deed").

The Fund was launched on 21 February 2005 and will continue its operations until terminated by the Trustee or the Manager as provided under Part 12 of the Deed.

The Fund may invest in sukuk with a minimum credit rating of BBB3 or P2 by RAM, or its equivalent rating by any other domestic rating agencies. The Fund seeks to generate stable income by investing in Shariah-compliant fixed income securities.

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia and is related to Prudential Plc., a public listed company in the United Kingdom. The principal activity of the Manager is the establishment and management of unit trust funds and asset management.

2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks, which include market risk (inclusive of price risk and exposure to interest rate risk), liquidity risk, credit/default risk, fund management risk, non-compliance risk and capital risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Deed.

Financial instruments of the Fund are as follows:

	Note	Receivables	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Total
		RM	RM	RM
<u>2016</u>				
Sukuk	6	-	10,115,606	10,115,606
Cash and cash equivalents	7	570,604	-	570,604
Amount due from Manager		2,626	-	2,626
		<u>573,230</u>	<u>10,115,606</u>	<u>10,688,836</u>
<u>2015</u>				
Sukuk	6	-	11,943,084	11,943,084
Cash and cash equivalents	7	5,095,068	-	5,095,068
Amount due from Manager		3,074	-	3,074
		<u>5,098,142</u>	<u>11,943,084</u>	<u>17,041,226</u>

All liabilities are financial liabilities which are carried at amortised cost.

Market risk

i. Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of the Shariah-compliant investment in sukuk will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk). The value of investments may fluctuate according to the activities of individual companies, sector and overall political and economic conditions. Such fluctuation may cause the Fund's net asset value and prices of units to fall as well as rise, and income produced by the Fund may also fluctuate.

The price risk is managed through diversification and asset allocation whereby the sukuk exposure will be reduced in the event of anticipated market weakness.

The table below shows assets of the Fund as at 30 September which are exposed to price risk:

	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Sukuk designated at fair value through profit or loss	10,115,606	11,943,084

Includes profit receivables of RM100,625 (2015: RM159,970)

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net asset value and profit after tax to movements in valuation of sukuk at the end of each reporting period. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the valuation of the sukuk increased by 5% and decrease by 5% with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the sukuk, having regard to the historical volatility of the prices.

% Change in price of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Market value	Increase/(decrease) in profit after tax and net asset value
	RM	RM
<u>2016</u>		
+5%	10,621,386	505,780
-5%	9,609,826	(505,780)
<u>2015</u>		
+5%	12,540,238	597,154
-5%	11,345,930	(597,154)

ii. Exposure to interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

The Fund is exposed to interest rate risk. Changes in interest rates will affect the performance of the Shariah-compliant investments and its returns. To manage the risk, Shariah-compliant investments will be concentrated in investment grade issues of financial institutions and companies determined by the Manager.

The risk is crucial in a sukuk fund since sukuk portfolio management depends on forecasting interest rate movements valuation for sukuk move inversely to interest rate movements, therefore as interest rates rise, the valuation for sukuk decrease and vice versa. Furthermore, sukuk will longer maturity and lower profit rates are more susceptible to interest rate movements.

Investors should note that sukuk and Islamic money market instruments are subject to interest rate fluctuations. Such investments may be subject to unanticipated rise in interest rates which may impair the ability of the issuers to make payments of profit and principal, especially if the issuers are highly leveraged. An increase in interest rates may therefore increase the potential for default by an issuer.

The above interest rate is a general economic indicator that will have an impact on the management of the Fund regardless whether it is a Shariah-compliant Unit Trust Fund or otherwise. It does not in any way suggest that the Fund will invest in conventional financial instruments. All the investments carried out for the Fund are in accordance with Shariah requirements. The Fund also holds a limited amount of cash and cash equivalents that expose the Fund to cash flow interest rate risk.

The Fund's investments in Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are short term in nature. Therefore, exposure to interest rate fluctuations is minimal.

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net asset value and profit after tax to movements in interest rate for investments at the end of each reporting period as a result of movement in interest rate. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the interest rate increased by 1% (2015:5%) and decreased by 1% (2015:5%) with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the interest rate, having regard to the historical volatility of the interest rate.

	2016	2015
% Movement in interest rate	Impact on profit after tax/ net asset value	Impact on profit after tax/ net asset value
	RM	RM
<u>Sukuk</u>		
+1% (2015: +5%)	(16,614)	(100,598)
-1% (2015: -5%)	16,657	101,741

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. Generally, all investments are subject to a certain degree of liquidity risk depending on the nature of the investment instruments, market, sector and other factors. For the purpose of the Fund, the Fund Manager will attempt to balance the entire portfolio by investing in a mix of assets with satisfactory trading volume and those that occasionally could encounter poor liquidity. This is expected to reduce the risks for the entire portfolio without limiting the Fund's growth potentials.

The Fund maintains sufficient level of Islamic liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unit holders. Islamic liquid assets comprise cash, Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions and other Shariah-compliant instruments which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The table below summarises the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period as at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 month	Between 1 month to 1 year	Total
	RM	RM	RM
<u>2016</u>			
Amount due to Manager	8,132	-	8,132
Accrued management fee	8,700	-	8,700
Amount due to Trustee	1,480	-	1,480
GST charges payable	611	-	611
Other payables and accruals	-	25,806	25,806
Contractual cash outflows	<u>18,923</u>	<u>25,806</u>	<u>44,729</u>
<u>2015</u>			
Amount due to Manager	117,775	-	117,775
Accrued management fee	13,315	-	13,315
Amount due to Trustee	1,475	-	1,475
GST charges payable	887	-	887
Other payables and accruals	-	21,688	21,688
Contractual cash outflows	<u>133,452</u>	<u>21,688</u>	<u>155,140</u>

Credit/default risk

Credit risk refers to the ability of an issuer or a counter party to make timely payments of profit income, principals and proceeds from realisation of Shariah-compliant investments. In the case of the Fund, both the Manager and the External Fund Manager regularly review the ratings assigned to the Issuer so that the necessary steps can be taken if the ratings fall below those prescribed by the Deed.

The credit risk arising from placements of Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place Islamic deposits with reputable licensed financial institutions. The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units receivable from the Manager are governed by the Securities Commission's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

The following table sets out the credit risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund.

	Sukuk	Cash and cash equivalents	Amount due from Manager	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM
<u>2016</u>				
Finance				
-AAA	-	550,045	-	550,045
-AA1	-	20,559	-	20,559
Sukuk				
-AAA	1,016,507	-	-	1,016,507
-AA2(s)	1,930,959	-	-	1,930,959
-AA3	6,322,413	-	-	6,322,413
-AA-is	845,727	-	-	845,727
Other				
-NR	-	-	2,626	2,626
	<u>10,115,606</u>	<u>570,604</u>	<u>2,626</u>	<u>10,688,836</u>
<u>2015</u>				
Finance				
-AAA	-	2,080,199	-	2,080,199
-AA1	-	14,581	-	14,581
-AA3	-	3,000,288	-	3,000,288
Sukuk				
-AA1	1,939,284	-	-	1,939,284
-AA2	1,948,482	-	-	1,948,482
-AA3	7,036,588	-	-	7,036,588
-AA-is	1,018,730	-	-	1,018,730
Other				
-NR	-	-	3,074	3,074
	<u>11,943,084</u>	<u>5,095,068</u>	<u>3,074</u>	<u>17,041,226</u>

None of these assets are past due or impaired.

Fund management risk

There is the risk that the management company may not adhere to the investment mandate of the respective Fund. With close monitoring by the investment committee, back office system being incorporated with limits and controls, and regular reporting to the senior management team, the management company is able to manage such risk. The Trustee has an oversight function over management of the Fund by the management company to safeguard the interests of unit holders.

Non-compliance risk

Non-compliance risk arises when the Manager and others associated with the Fund are not compliant to the rules set out in the Fund's constitution or the law that governs the Fund or applicable internal control procedures, or act fraudulently or dishonestly.

The non-compliance may expose the Fund to higher risks which may result in a fall in the value of the Fund which in turn may affect its investment goals. However, the risk can be mitigated by the internal controls and compliance monitoring undertaken by the Manager.

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of unit holders' capital and retained earnings. The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unit holders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the Shariah-compliant investment activities of the Fund.

Fair value estimation

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

The fair value of financial assets traded in active market (such as trading Shariah-compliant securities and sukuk) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the period end date. The Fund utilises the last traded market price for financial assets where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread.

In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Fund Manager will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is representative of the fair value.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques.

Fair value hierarchy

- i. The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:
- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
 - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
 - Level 3: Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement.

Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgment, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgment by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM
<u>2016</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Sukuk	-	10,115,606	-	10,115,606
<u>2015</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Sukuk	-	11,943,084	-	11,943,084

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2 these include sukuk. As Level 2 instruments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information. The Fund's policies on valuation of these financial assets are stated in Note E to the financial statements.

- ii. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, amount due from Manager and all liabilities are a reasonable approximation of their fair values due to their short term nature.

3. MANAGEMENT FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 2.00% per annum on the net asset value of the Fund calculated on daily basis.

For the financial period ended 30 September 2016, the management fee is recognised at a rate of 1.00% (2015: 1.00%) per annum on the net asset value of the Fund, calculated on daily basis.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of the management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

4. TRUSTEE FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Trustee is entitled to an annual fee, at a rate not exceeding 0.20% per annum on the net asset value of the Fund, subject to a minimum fee of RM18,000 per annum.

For the financial period ended 30 September 2016, the Trustee fee is recognised at a minimum fee of RM18,000 per annum instead of at a rate of 0.07% (2015: 0.07%) per annum on the net asset value of the Fund, inclusive of local custodian fee, calculated on daily basis.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of the trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

5. TAXATION

	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2016	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2015
	RM	RM

Tax charged for the financial period:

Current taxation - local

-

-

The numerical reconciliation between profit before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2016	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2015
	RM	RM
Profit before taxation	299,166	124,246
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 24%	71,800	29,819
Tax effect of:		
Investment income exempt from tax	(90,978)	(52,650)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	4,690	6,697
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for Unit Trust Funds	14,488	16,134
Taxation	-	-

6. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Designated at fair value through profit or loss:		
Sukuk	10,115,606	11,943,084
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:		
Realised gain on disposals	39,128	5,933
Change in unrealised fair value gain/(loss)	87,313	(80,069)
	126,441	(74,136)

Sukuk

Name of counter	Quantity	Carrying cost	Fair value as at	Percentage
			30.9.2016	of net asset value of the Fund
	Units	RM	RM	%
5.25% Bumitama Agri Ltd 18.03.2019 (AA3)	1,600,000	1,605,710	1,638,330	15.39
5.05% Amlslamic Bank Berhad 25.03.2024 (AA3)	1,700,000	1,702,572	1,720,930	16.17
9.05% Jimah Energy Ventures Sdn Berhad 10.05.2019 (AA3)	300,000	342,613	345,336	3.24
4.95% RHB Islamic Bank Berhad 15.05.2024 (AA3)	200,000	205,469	206,981	1.94
8.20% Mukah Power Generation Sdn Berhad 27.12.2019 (AA2)	1,700,000	1,908,781	1,930,959	18.14

Sukuk (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Carrying cost	Fair value as at 30.9.2016	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	Units	RM	RM	%
5.25% BGSM Management Sdn Berhad 24.12.2020 (AA3)	500,000	514,198	520,132	4.89
5.10% Gulf Investment Corporation G.S.C 16.03.2021 (AAA)	1,000,000	1,005,745	1,016,507	9.55
9.30% Jimah Energy Ventures Sdn Berhad 12.11.2021 (AA3)	630,000	772,969	789,586	7.42
7.10% BGSM Management Sdn Berhad 28.12.2022 (AA3)	500,000	569,682	572,875	5.38
5.40% Tanjung Bin Energy Issuer Berhad 15.03.2024 (AA3)	500,000	518,908	528,243	4.96
5.24% Lebuhraya Duke Fasa 3 Sdn Berhad 23.08.2027 (AA-is)	800,000	817,811	845,727	7.95
TOTAL SUKUK	9,430,000	9,964,458	10,115,606	95.03
ACCUMULATED UNREALISED GAIN ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		151,148		
FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		10,115,606		

Sukuk (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Carrying cost	Fair value	Percentage
			as at 30.9.2015	of net asset value of the Fund
	Units	RM	RM	%
4.90% Malakoff Power Berhad 17.12.2018 (AA-is)	1,000,000	1,015,631	1,018,730	6.03
5.25% Bumitama Agri Ltd 18.03.2019 (AA3)	1,600,000	1,607,039	1,630,544	9.66
5.05% Amlslamic Bank Berhad 25.03.2019 (AA3)	1,700,000	1,703,991	1,704,131	10.09
4.75% Maybank Islamic Berhad 05.04.2019 (AA1)	1,100,000	1,133,525	1,130,200	6.69
9.05% Jimah Energy Ventures Sdn Berhad 10.05.2019 (AA3)	300,000	353,872	351,864	2.08
4.95% RHB Islamic Bank Berhad 15.05.2019 (AA3)	1,700,000	1,732,173	1,745,510	10.34
4.75% Public Islamic Bank Berhad 10.06.2019 (AA1)	800,000	813,203	809,084	4.79
8.20% Mukah Power Generation Sdn Berhad 27.12.2019 (AA2)	1,700,000	1,956,499	1,948,482	11.54
9.30% Jimah Energy Ventures Sdn Berhad 12.11.2021 (AA3)	430,000	540,445	535,641	3.17
7.10% BGSM Management Sdn Berhad 28.12.2022 (AA3)	500,000	577,723	566,562	3.36

Sukuk (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Carrying cost	Fair value as at 30.9.2015	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	Units	RM	RM	%
5.40% Tanjung Bin Energy Issuer Berhad 15.03.2024 (AA3)	500,000	521,022	502,336	2.98
TOTAL SUKUK	<u>11,330,000</u>	<u>11,955,123</u>	<u>11,943,084</u>	<u>70.73</u>
ACCUMULATED UNREALISED LOSS ON FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		<u>(12,039)</u>		
FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS		<u>11,943,084</u>		

The effective weighted average rate of return of sukuk per annum as at the date of the statement of financial position are as follows:

	2016	2015
	%	%
Sukuk	<u>4.53</u>	<u>4.91</u>

7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Bank balance with a licensed bank	20,559	14,581
Islamic deposit with a licensed financial institution	550,045	5,080,487
	<u>570,604</u>	<u>5,095,068</u>

The effective weighted average rate of return of Islamic deposit with a licensed financial institution per annum as at the date of the statement of financial position are as follows:

	2016	2015
	%	%
Islamic deposit with a licensed financial institution	<u>3.00</u>	<u>3.50</u>

The Islamic deposit has an average maturity of 4 days (2015: 1 day).

8. SHARIAH INFORMATION OF THE FUND

The Shariah Adviser confirmed that the investments portfolio of the Fund is Shariah-compliant, which comprises:

- i. Sukuk are in order and as per the list of sukuk available at Bond Info Hub and Fully Automated System For Issuing/Tendering of Bank Negara Malaysia; and
- ii. Liquid assets in local market, which are placed in Shariah-compliant investments and/or instruments.

9. UNITS IN CIRCULATION

	2016	2015
	No. of units	No. of units
At the beginning of the financial period	20,422,591	23,318,983
Creation of units arising from applications during the financial period	533,687	19,881,750
Cancellation of units during the financial period	(2,433,101)	(12,241,509)
At the end of the financial period	<u>18,523,177</u>	<u>30,959,224</u>

10. TRANSACTIONS WITH DEALERS

Details of transactions with the top 10 dealers are as follows:

Name of dealers	Value of trades	Percentage of total trades	Brokerage fees	Percentage of total brokerage fees
	RM	%	RM	%
2016				
Alliance Bank Malaysia Berhad	1,229,080	36.61	-	-
CIMB Bank Berhad	813,360	24.23	-	-
Hong Leong Bank Berhad	803,600	23.93	-	-
RHB Investment Bank Berhad	511,500	15.23	-	-
	<u>3,357,540</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Details of transactions, primarily cash placements with financial institutions for the financial period ended 30 September 2016 are as follows:

Financial institutions	Value of placements	Percentage of total placements
	RM	%
CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	63,520,000	98.76
Malayan Banking Berhad	800,000	1.24
	<u>64,320,000</u>	<u>100.00</u>

Details of transactions with the top 10 dealers are as follows:

Name of dealers	Value of trades	Percentage of total trades	Brokerage fees	Percentage of total brokerage fees
	RM	%	RM	%
2015				
Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad	1,348,560	30.38	-	-
RHB Investment Bank Berhad	1,310,780	29.53	-	-
Malayan Banking Berhad	1,109,130	24.99	-	-
Hong Leong Bank Berhad	570,100	12.84	-	-
AmBank (M) Berhad	100,180	2.26	-	-
	4,438,750	100.00	-	-

Details of transactions, primarily cash placements with financial institutions for the financial period ended 30 September 2015 are as follows:

Financial institutions	Value of placements	Percentage of total placements
	RM	%
CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	70,420,000	73.45
Bank Islam Malaysia Berhad	25,450,000	26.55
	95,870,000	100.00

All dealers highlighted above are not related to the Manager. There are no brokerage fees charged by the dealers for the financial period ended 30 September 2016 and 30 September 2015.

There are only 4 dealers for the financial period ended 30 September 2016 (30 September 2015: 5 dealers).

11. MANAGEMENT EXPENSE RATIO ("MER")

	2016	2015
	%	%
MER	0.75	0.71

MER is derived from the following calculation:

$$\text{MER} = \frac{(A + B + C + D + E)}{F} \times 100$$

A = Management fee

B = Trustee fee

C = Audit fee

D = Tax agent fee

E = Other expenses (including GST charges)

F = Average net asset value of the Fund calculated on a daily basis

The average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on a daily basis is RM10,640,334 (2015: RM12,860,892).

12. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

	2016	2015
PTR (times)	0.16	0.17

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

$$\frac{(\text{Total acquisitions for the financial period} + \text{total disposals for the financial period}) \div 2}{\text{Average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on a daily basis}}$$

where:

total acquisitions for the financial period = RM1,015,240 (2015: RM2,026,990)

total disposals for the financial period = RM2,342,300 (2015: RM2,411,760)

13. UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER

The related party of and its relationship with the Fund is as follows:

Related party	Relationship			
Eastspring Investments Berhad	The Manager			
	2016		2015	
	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
Eastspring Investments Berhad	1,138	654	1,138	621

The above units were transacted at the prevailing market price.

The units are held legally by the Manager and are within the prescribed limit allowed by Securities Commission's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds. Other than the above, there were no units held by the Directors or parties related to the Manager.

14. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION

The internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS and IFRS. The CEO, who is the chief operating decision-maker, is responsible for the performance of the Fund and considers the business to have a single operating segment located in Malaysia. Asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investment strategy and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The reportable operating segment derives its income by seeking Shariah-compliant investments to achieve targeted returns consummate with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio. These returns consist of profit income and gains on the appreciation in the value of Shariah-compliant investments.

There were no changes in the reportable operating segments during the financial period.

15. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been approved for issue by the Manager on 18 November 2016.

CORPORATE DIRECTORY

THE MANAGER

NAME

EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS BERHAD

COMPANY NO.

531241-U

REGISTERED OFFICE

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EMAIL

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WEBSITE

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BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGER

Julian Christopher Vivian Pull

(Chairman, non-independent,

non-executive director)

Iskander bin Ismail Mohamed Ali

(Independent, non-executive director)

Khoo Chuan Keat

(Independent, non-executive director)

Michele Mi Kyung Bang

(Non-independent, non-executive director)

Raymond Tang Chee Kin

(Non-independent, executive director)

INVESTMENT COMMITTEE OF THE FUND

Ho Yik

(Independent member)

Robert Yap Yen Choon

(Independent member)

Abdul Khalil bin Abdul Hamid

(Independent member)

Dato' Saiful Bahri bin Zainuddin

(Independent member)

Raymond Tang Chee Kin

(Non-independent member)

AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE

COMMITTEE OF THE MANAGER

Iskander bin Ismail Mohamed Ali

(Independent)

Khoo Chuan Keat

(Independent)

Niall Dermot Grady

(Non-independent)

MANAGER'S DELEGATE - FUND VALUER

NAME

DEUTSCHE BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD

COMPANY NO.

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603-2031 8710

**MANAGER'S DELEGATE -
REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT**

NAME

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(MALAYSIA) SDN BHD

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**COMPANY SECRETARY OF
THE MANAGER**

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VIJEY A/L R. MOHANA KRISHNAN
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COMPANY NO.

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TRUSTEE'S DELEGATE - CUSTODIAN

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NAME
IBFIM

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ACCOUNTANT OF THE FUND**

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NAME

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