

# EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS TARGET INCOME FUND 3

## INTERIM REPORT

FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD  
ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016



**Dear Valued Investor,**

Greetings from Eastspring Investments Berhad!

First and foremost, we would like to take this opportunity to thank you for choosing to invest with Eastspring Investments Berhad.

**We are pleased to enclose a copy of the Annual/Interim/Quarterly Fund Reports of Eastspring Investments Berhad's fund(s) for the reporting period ended 30 September 2016.**

You may also download these reports from our website at [www.eastspringinvestments.com.my](http://www.eastspringinvestments.com.my)

Should you require any assistance, please do not hesitate to contact our Client Services at 03-2332 1000.

Yours sincerely,

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'Raymond Tang Chee Kin', written in a cursive style.

**Raymond Tang Chee Kin**

Non-Independent, Executive Director and Chief Executive Officer

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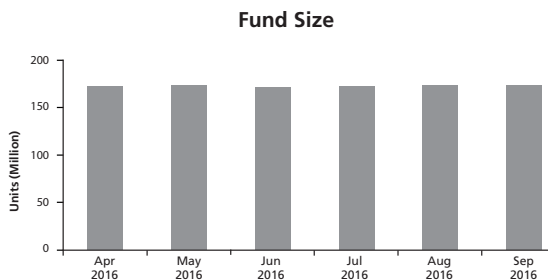
## FUND INFORMATION

<b>Name of Fund</b>	<p>Eastspring Investments Target* Income Fund 3 (the "Fund")</p> <p>* The Fund aims (i.e. <b>Target</b>) to distribute income on a semi-annual basis from the coupon payments received from the bonds investments.</p>
<b>Fund Category/ Type</b>	<p>Bond (close-ended)/income</p>
<b>Fund Objective</b>	<p>The Fund endeavours to provide regular income* during the tenure of the Fund.</p> <p>* Income distribution proceeds will be paid out by way of cheque</p>
<b>Termination Date</b>	<p>3 June 2017</p>
<b>Duration of the Fund</b>	<p>Three (3) years close-ended bond.</p>
<b>Performance Benchmark</b>	<p>3-year Maybank fixed deposit rate as at Commencement Date.</p> <p>Please note that investors may obtain information on the benchmark from the Manager upon request.</p> <p><i>As the Fund will invest in local and foreign markets across various bonds of different ratings, the risk profile of the Fund is not the same as the risk profile of the performance benchmark.</i></p>
<b>Fund Income Distribution Policy</b>	<p>The Fund's income distribution is non-guaranteed and subject to the availability of income. Distribution of income, if any, after deduction of taxation and expenses will be declared semi-annually.</p>

## FUND INFORMATION (CONTINUED)

### Breakdown of Unit Holdings by Size

As at 30 September 2016, the size of Eastspring Investments Target Income Fund 3 stood at 172.199 million units.



### Breakdown of Unit Holdings

Unit Holdings	No. of Unit Holders	%	No of Units* ('000)	%
5,000 units and below	44	17.53	144	0.08
5,001 to 10,000 units	40	15.94	386	0.22
10,001 to 50,000 units	114	45.42	3,348	1.94
50,001 to 500,000 units	42	16.73	5,968	3.47
500,001 units and above	11	4.38	162,352	94.29
<b>Total</b>	<b>251</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>172,198</b>	<b>100.00</b>

\* excludes units held by the Manager.

## KEY PERFORMANCE DATA

FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED

Category	30.9.2016	30.9.2015
	(%)	(%)
Unquoted fixed income securities	108.26	116.95
Derivatives	(19.61)	(30.37)
Cash and other assets	11.35	13.42
<b>Total</b>	<b>100.00</b>	<b>100.00</b>
Net Asset Value (NAV) (RM'000)#	181,964	173,548
Units In Circulation (Units '000)#	172,199	174,864
Net Asset Value Per Unit (RM)	1.0567	0.9925
Highest Net Asset Value Per Unit (RM)	1.0569	1.0114
Lowest Net Asset Value Per Unit (RM)	1.0255	0.9905
Total Return (%)		
Capital Growth	2.81	(1.55)
Income Distribution	2.50	2.30
Total Return (%)	5.38	0.70
Gross Distribution Per Unit (RM)	0.0257	0.0232
Net Distribution Per Unit (RM)	0.0257	0.0232
Management Expense Ratio (MER) (%)*	0.05	0.05
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (PTR) (times)^	0.08	0.34

# Figures shown as ex-distribution.

\* There were no significant changes to the MER during the period under review.

^ During the period during review, the PTR was lower as the Fund had less trading activity after having acquired most of its assets in the previous periods under review.

## KEY PERFORMANCE DATA (CONTINUED)

	1 year 1.10.2015 to 30.9.2016	Since commencement 16.4.2014 to 30.9.2016
	(%)	(%)

Average total return	11.65	6.57
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Year ended	1.4.2015 to 31.3.2016	Since commencement 16.4.2014 to 31.3.2015
	(%)	(%)

Annual total return	6.69	3.17
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**Source:** Lipper for Investment Management, as at 30 September 2016.

### Bases of calculation and assumptions made in calculating returns:

$$\text{Percentage growth} = \frac{\text{NAV}_t}{\text{NAV}_0} - 1$$

$\text{NAV}_t$  = NAV at the end of the period

$\text{NAV}_0$  = NAV at the beginning of the period

$$\text{Performance annualised} = (1 + \text{Percentage Growth})^{1/n} - 1$$

$n$  = Number of years

**Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.**

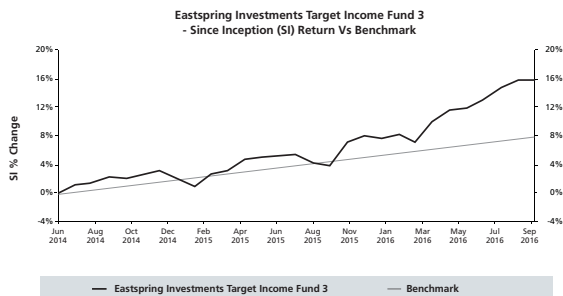
## MANAGER'S REPORT

### Fund Performance

Since inception, the Fund registered a return of 15.99%, outperforming the benchmark return of 8.04% by 7.95%.

For the period under review, the Fund registered a return of 5.38%, outperforming the benchmark return of 1.64% by 3.74%.

The Fund benefited from its investments in the Asian credit market which generated an overall positive returns over the period under review. The positive return was largely underpinned by coupon income accrual of the underlying bond investments and positive credit selection.



**The performance is calculated on NAV-to-NAV basis with gross income or dividend reinvested.**

**Benchmark:** 3-year Maybank fixed deposit rate as at Commencement Date.

**Fund performance is sourced from Lipper for Investment Management, 30 September 2016 and the benchmark is obtainable from Eastspring Investments Berhad upon request.**

**Past performance of the Fund is not necessarily indicative of its future performance.**



## MANAGER'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

**Analysis of Fund Performance**

For the financial period ended 30 September 2016:

<b>Income Return</b>	<b>Capital Return*</b>	<b>Total Return</b>	<b>Total Return of Benchmark</b>
<b>(%)</b>	<b>(%)</b>	<b>(%)</b>	<b>(%)</b>
2.50	2.81	5.38	1.64

\* Capital return components (NAV per unit to NAV per unit)

**Distribution/ Unit Split**

<b>Ex-date</b>	<b>23-Jun-16</b>
<b>Distribution Per Unit</b>	<b>(RM)</b>
Gross	0.0257
Net	0.0257
Unit Split	Nil

Impact on NAV arising from distribution for the financial period ended 30 September 2016.

<b>Ex-date</b>	<b>23-Jun-16</b>
	<b>(RM per Unit)</b>
Net Asset Value before distribution	1.0541
Less: distribution	(0.0257)
Net Asset Value after distribution	<u>1.0284</u>

**Investment Strategy During Period Under Review**

As this is a close-ended bond fund, the Fund will be managed primarily with a semi-active management strategy. The Fund's bond investments will be typically held to maturity. At the maturity of these debt securities, issuers of the debt securities held by the Fund will be obligated to pay the face value provided there is no occurrence of credit default by the issuer.

## MANAGER'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

### Investment Strategy During Period Under Review (continued)

Nevertheless, the Fund Manager continues to monitor the Fund's investments and may trade and rebalance its investments under the following scenarios:

- Increased default risk and/or from uptrend interest rate concerns;
- Hedging transactions in the event that the sale of the security at risk is not possible; and
- Reinvesting proceeds from maturing securities.

### Asset Allocation

Asset Allocation	30-Sep 2016	31-Mar 2016	Changes
	(%)	(%)	(%)
Unquoted fixed income securities	108.26	113.40	(5.14)
Derivatives	(19.61)	(16.29)	(3.32)
Cash and other assets	11.35	2.89	8.46

#### Asset Allocation as at 30 September 2016



During the period under review, the negative adjustment in derivative position was due to the mark to market effect of weaker Ringgit Malaysia. As the fund employs hedging, therefore, the effect of weaker Ringgit Malaysia will show up as a negative mark to market valuation on derivative but this is offset by higher valuation of the foreign bond which results in a relatively stable fund's net asset value. The higher cash level, on the other hand, was due to bond maturity and buy-back that was not reinvested during the period under review.

## MANAGER'S REPORT (CONTINUED)

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**State of Affairs of the Fund**

There have been neither significant change to the state of affairs of the Fund nor any circumstances that materially affect any interests of the unit holders during the period under review.

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**Cross-Trade Transaction**

During the period under review, there were cross-trades executed through a dealer or a financial institution on an arm's length and fair value basis and in the best interest of the unit holders.

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## MARKET REVIEW

Asian credit markets delivered strong gains over the period under review. Risk appetite was generally robust as sustained accommodative monetary policy in developed markets supported investor sentiment. Against this backdrop, Asian credit spreads tightened significantly, particularly across higher yielding sectors, as investors searched for higher yields in an environment of flushed liquidity and low interest rates. This was enough to offset modest rises in United States of America ("US") short-end rates over the period as markets in September started pricing in an increased likelihood of a US rate hike by end 2016. Steadier high frequency data out of China and firmer commodity prices further boosted investor sentiment. Across Asian United States Dollar ("USD") credits, limited new bond supply also played a large part in the market's strong performance.

## REBATES AND SOFT COMMISSIONS

During the period under review, the Manager and its delegates (if any) did not receive any soft commissions from stockbrokers.

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# EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS TARGET INCOME FUND 3

## UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

## STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

We, Tang Chee Kin and Khoo Chuan Keat, being two of the Directors of Eastspring Investments Berhad, do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying unaudited financial statements set out on pages 14 to 60 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deed and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 30 September 2016 and of its financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows for the financial period ended on that date in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Manager,  
**EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS BERHAD**

**TANG CHEE KIN**  
Executive Director/Chief Executive Officer

**KHOO CHUAN KEAT**  
Director

Kuala Lumpur  
Date: 18 November 2016

## TRUSTEE'S REPORT TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS TARGET INCOME FUND 3

We have acted as Trustee for Eastspring Investments Target Income Fund 3 (the "Fund") for the financial period ended 30 September 2016. To the best of our knowledge, for the period under review, Eastspring Investments Berhad (the "Manager") has operated and managed the Fund in accordance with the following:

- a. limitations imposed on the investment powers of the Manager and Trustee under the Deed, the Securities Commission's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds, the Capital Markets and Services Act 2007 and other applicable laws;
- b. the valuation/pricing for the Fund has been carried out in accordance with the Deed of the Fund and applicable regulatory requirements; and
- c. creation and cancellation of units for the Fund have been carried out in accordance with the Deed of the Fund and applicable regulatory requirements.

We are of the view that the distribution made during this financial period ended 30 September 2016 by the Manager is not inconsistent with the objectives of the Fund.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

**Soon Lai Ching**

Senior Manager, Trustee Operations

**Mahesh Anchan**

Head, Trustee Operations

Kuala Lumpur

Date: 18 November 2016



# UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME

FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

	Note	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2016	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2015
		RM	RM
<b>INVESTMENT INCOME</b>			
Interest income from deposits			
with licensed financial institutions		97,822	40,503
Interest income from unquoted			
fixed income securities		5,033,364	5,316,268
Exit fee income		28,019	22,424
Net gain on financial assets at			
fair value through profit or loss	6	13,116,158	27,714,112
Net loss on forward currency contracts		(6,261,243)	(21,029,332)
Net loss on swap contracts		(3,038,692)	(11,233,472)
Net foreign currency exchange gain		562,255	592,131
		<u>9,537,683</u>	<u>1,422,634</u>
<b>EXPENSES</b>			
Trustee fee	3	(54,267)	(53,223)
Audit fee		(6,017)	(6,006)
Tax agent fee		(1,706)	(1,702)
Custodian fee		(18,910)	(7,219)
GST charges		(4,012)	(3,193)
Other expenses		(12,877)	(16,565)
		<u>(97,789)</u>	<u>(87,908)</u>
<b>PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION</b>		9,439,894	1,334,726
<b>TAXATION</b>	5	-	(5,238)
<b>PROFIT AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME</b>		<u>9,439,894</u>	<u>1,329,488</u>
Profit after taxation is made up of the following:			
Realised amount		11,090,621	14,460,068
Unrealised amount		(1,650,727)	(13,130,580)
		<u>9,439,894</u>	<u>1,329,488</u>

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the unaudited financial statements form an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

# UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

## AS AT 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

	Note	2016	2015
		RM	RM
<b>ASSETS</b>			
Cash and cash equivalents	7	20,669,771	12,112,152
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	6	196,998,954	202,956,228
Amount due from brokers		-	11,286,058
Tax recoverable		19,162	7,110
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>		<u>217,687,887</u>	<u>226,361,548</u>
<b>LIABILITIES</b>			
Forward currency contracts	8	23,682,903	32,600,624
Swap contracts		11,996,173	20,104,246
Amount due to Trustee		8,960	8,555
Other payables and accruals		35,166	100,005
GST charges payable		538	513
<b>TOTAL LIABILITIES</b>		<u>35,723,740</u>	<u>52,813,943</u>
<b>NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND</b>		<u>181,964,147</u>	<u>173,547,605</u>
<b>EQUITY</b>			
Unit holders' capital		172,098,280	174,828,780
Retained earnings/(Accumulated loss)		9,865,867	(1,281,175)
<b>NET ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNIT HOLDERS</b>		<u>181,964,147</u>	<u>173,547,605</u>
<b>NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION</b>	9	<u>172,199,435</u>	<u>174,863,891</u>
<b>NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (EX-DISTRIBUTION) (RM)</b>		<u>1.0567</u>	<u>0.9925</u>

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the unaudited financial statements form an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

## UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

	Note	Unit holders' capital	Retained earnings/ (Accumulated loss)	Total
		RM	RM	RM
Balance as at 1 April 2016		173,032,250	4,869,561	177,901,811
Movement in unit holders' contribution:				
Cancellation of units		(933,970)	-	(933,970)
Total comprehensive income for the financial period		-	9,439,894	9,439,894
Distribution (Gross: 2.57 sen per unit/ Net: 2.57 sen per unit)	4	-	(4,443,588)	(4,443,588)
Balance as at 30 September 2016		<u>172,098,280</u>	<u>9,865,867</u>	<u>181,964,147</u>
Balance as at 1 April 2015		175,570,578	1,456,153	177,026,731
Movement in unit holders' contribution:				
Cancellation of units		(741,798)	-	(741,798)
Total comprehensive income for the financial period		-	1,329,488	1,329,488
Distribution (Gross: 2.32 sen per unit/ Net: 2.32 sen per unit)	4	-	(4,066,816)	(4,066,816)
Balance as at 30 September 2015		<u>174,828,780</u>	<u>(1,281,175)</u>	<u>173,547,605</u>

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the unaudited financial statements form an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

# UNAUDITED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2016	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2015
	RM	RM
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Proceeds from sale of investments	41,046,910	59,681,538
Payments for purchase of investments	(27,282,306)	(53,325,139)
Interest income received from deposits with licensed financial institutions	97,822	40,503
Interest income received from unquoted fixed income securities	5,818,079	5,657,889
Exit income fee received	28,899	22,424
Trustee fee paid	(54,246)	(53,686)
Custodian fee paid	(18,910)	-
Tax paid	(12,348)	(12,348)
Payment for other fees and expenses	(29,740)	(40,113)
Net foreign exchange gain	572,528	651,876
Net cash generated from operating activities	<u>20,166,688</u>	<u>12,622,944</u>
<b>CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES</b>		
Payments for cancellation of units	(963,289)	(741,798)
Distribution paid	(4,443,588)	(4,066,816)
Net cash used in financing activities	<u>(5,406,877)</u>	<u>(4,808,614)</u>
<b>NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS</b>	14,759,811	7,814,330
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD</b>	<u>5,909,960</u>	<u>4,297,822</u>
<b>CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD</b>	<u>20,669,771</u>	<u>12,112,152</u>

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the unaudited financial statements form an integral part of these unaudited financial statements.

## SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

### **A. BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivatives instruments) at fair value through profit or loss, except as disclosed in this summary of significant accounting policies, and in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the MFRS and IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported financial period. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgment are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note M to the financial statements.

The new standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations to existing standards that are applicable to the Fund but not yet effective and have not been early adopted are as follows:

- i. Financial year beginning on/after 1 April 2017
  - Amendments to MFRS 107 "Statement of Cash Flows – Disclosure Initiative" (effective from 1 January 2017) introduce an additional disclosure on changes in liabilities arising from financing activities.

The Fund will apply this standard when effective. This standard is not expected to have a significant impact on the Fund's financial statements.

ii. Financial year beginning on/after 1 April 2018

- MFRS 9 “Financial Instruments” (effective from 1 January 2018) will replace MFRS 139 “Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement”.

MFRS 9 retains but simplifies the mixed measurement model in MFRS 139 and establishes three primary measurement categories for financial assets: amortised cost, fair value through profit or loss and fair value through other comprehensive income (“OCI”). The basis of classification depends on the entity’s business model and the cash flow characteristics of the financial asset. Investments in equity instruments are always measured at fair value through profit or loss with an irrevocable option at inception to present changes in fair value in OCI (provided the instrument is not held for trading). A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost only if the entity is holding it to collect contractual cash flows and the cash flows represent principal and interest.

For liabilities, the standard retains most of the MFRS 139 requirements. These include amortised cost accounting for most financial liabilities, with bifurcation of embedded derivatives. The main change is that, in cases where the fair value option is taken for financial liabilities, the part of a fair value change due to an entity’s own credit risk is recorded in other comprehensive income rather than the income statement, unless this creates an accounting mismatch.

MFRS 9 introduces an expected credit loss model on impairment that replaces the incurred loss impairment model used in MFRS 139. The expected credit loss model is forward-looking and eliminates the need for a trigger event to have occurred before credit losses are recognised.

The Fund will apply this standard when effective. This standard is not expected to have a significant impact on the Fund’s financial statements.

- MFRS 15 “Revenue from contracts with customers” (effective from 1 January 2018) replaces MFRS 118 ‘Revenue’ and MFRS 111 “Construction contracts” and related interpretations. The standard deals with revenue recognition and establishes principles for reporting useful information to users of financial statements about the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity’s contracts with customers.

Revenue is recognised when a customer obtains control of a good or service and thus has the ability to direct the use and obtain the benefits from the good or service. The core principle in MFRS 15 is that an entity recognises revenue to depict the transfer of promised goods or services to the customer in an amount that reflects the consideration to which the entity expects to be entitled in exchange for those goods or services.

The Fund will apply this standard when effective. This standard is not expected to have a significant impact on the Fund's financial statements.

## **B. INCOME RECOGNITION**

Interest income from short term deposits is recognised on the accrual basis using the effective interest method.

Interest income from unquoted fixed income securities including amortisation of premium and accretion of discount are recognised using the effective interest method.

Realised gain or loss on disposal of unquoted fixed income securities is accounted for as the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount of the investments, determined on cost adjusted for accretion of discount or amortisation of premium.

Exit fee income is a redemption fee charged to unit holders on cancellation of units before the maturity date and is recognised upon cancellation of units.

## **C. TAXATION**

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable income earned during the financial period.

Tax on interest income from foreign unquoted fixed income securities is based on the tax regime of the respective countries that the Fund invests in.

## **D. PRESENTATION AND FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY**

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency as the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the “functional currency”). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia (“RM”), which is the Fund’s presentation and functional currency.

## **E. FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION**

Foreign currency transactions in the Fund are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

## **F. FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES**

### **i. Classification**

The Fund designates its investment in unquoted fixed income securities and derivatives as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss at inception.

Financial assets are designated at fair value through profit or loss when they are managed and their performance evaluated on a fair value basis.

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. The Fund’s loans and receivables comprise cash and cash equivalents and amount due from brokers which is all due within 12 months.

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into and the definitions of a financial liability.

The Fund’s financial liabilities include amount due to Trustee, GST charges payable and other payables and accruals.



ii. Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities, within the scope of MFRS 139, are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when the obligation under the liability is extinguished. Gain and losses are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income when the liabilities are derecognised, and through the amortisation process.

Unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' are presented in the statement of comprehensive income within 'net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit and loss' in the period in which they arise. Any unrealised gains however are not distributable.

Foreign exchange gains and losses on the derivative financial instrument are recognised in statement of comprehensive income when settled or at date of the statement of financial position at which time they are included in the measurement of the derivative financial instrument.

Deposits with licensed financial institutions are stated at cost plus accrued interest calculated on the effective interest rate method over the period from the date of placement to the date of maturity of the respective deposits.

Unquoted fixed income securities are carried at cost and adjusted for any amortisation of premium or accretion of discount from acquisition date to maturity date. The carrying cost is revalued to reflect its fair value on a daily basis using the net present value method based on fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency ('BPA') registered with the Securities Commission as per the Securities Commission's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds. Where such quotations

are not available or where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by the BPA for a specific unquoted fixed income securities differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use the market price, provided that the Manager:

- records its basis for using a non-BPA price;
- obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price; and
- keeps an audit trail of all decisions and basis for adopting the market yield.

Unquoted fixed income securities denominated in foreign currencies are revalued at daily basis by reference to the price obtained from at least three financial institutions. However, if such quotations are not available or should the gaps of the quotations provided by the financial institutions differ by more than 20 basis points, the valuation shall be determined by reference to the value of such debt securities quoted by Reuters.

Loans and receivables and other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

### iii. Impairment for assets carried at amortised costs

For assets carried at amortised cost, the Fund assesses at the end of the reporting period whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or group of financial assets is impaired. A financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired and impairment losses are incurred only if there is objective evidence of impairment as a result of one or more events that occurred after the initial recognition of the asset (a 'loss event') and that loss event (or events) has an impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset or group of financial assets that can be reliably estimated.

The amount of the loss is measured as the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows (excluding future credit losses that have not been incurred) discounted at the financial asset's original effective interest rate. The asset's carrying amount of the asset is reduced and the amount of the loss is recognised in statement of comprehensive income. If 'loans and receivables' have a variable interest rate, the discount rate for measuring any impairment loss is the current effective interest rate determined under the contract.

As a practical expedient, the Fund may measure impairment on the basis of an instrument's fair value using an observable market price.

If, in a subsequent period, the amount of the impairment loss decreases and the decrease can be related objectively to an event occurring after the impairment was recognised (such as an improvement in the debtor's credit rating), the reversal of the previously recognised impairment loss is recognised in statement of comprehensive income.

When an asset is uncollectible, it is written off against the related allowance account. Such assets are written off after all the necessary procedures have been completed and the amount of the loss has been determined.

## **G. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS**

For the purpose of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise bank balances and deposit with a licensed financial institution that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

## **H. UNIT HOLDERS' CAPITAL**

The unit holders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 "Financial Instruments: Presentation". Those criteria include:

- the units entitle the holder to a proportionate share of the Fund's net assets value;
- the units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- there is no contractual obligations to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase; and
- the total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the profit or loss of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if unit holder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's net asset value per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's net asset value per unit is calculated by dividing the net assets attributable to unit holders with the total number of outstanding units.

## **I. DISTRIBUTION**

A distribution to the Fund's unit holders is accounted for a deduction from realised reserves. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the financial period in which it is approved.

## **J. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION**

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting used by chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the Investment Committee of the Fund Manager that undertakes strategic decisions for the Fund.

## **K. DERIVATIVE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS**

A derivative financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to both a financial asset of one enterprise and a financial liability or equity instrument of another enterprise.

A financial asset is any asset that is cash, a contractual right to receive cash or another financial asset from another enterprise, a contractual right to exchange financial instruments with another enterprise under conditions that are potentially favourable, or an equity instrument of another enterprise.

A financial liability is any liability that is a contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset to another enterprise, or to exchange financial instruments with another enterprise under conditions that are potentially unfavourable.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments comprise forward currency contracts and swap contracts. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value.

The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and the nature of the item being

hedged. Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are classified as held-for-trading and accounted for in accordance with the accounting policy set out in Note F.

#### **L. AMOUNT DUE FROM/(TO) BROKERS**

Amounts due from and to brokers represent receivables for securities sold and payables for securities purchased that have been contracted for but not yet settled or delivered on the statement of financial position date respectively.

These amounts are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment for amounts due from brokers. A provision for impairment of amounts due from brokers is established when there is objective evidence that the Fund will not be able to collect all amounts due from the relevant broker. Significant financial difficulties of the broker, probability that the broker will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default in payments are considered indicators that the amount due from brokers is impaired. Once a financial asset or a group of similar financial assets has been written down as a result of an impairment loss, interest income is recognised using the rate of interest used to discount the future cash flows for the purpose of measuring the impairment loss.

The effective interest method is a method of calculating the amortised cost of a financial asset or financial liability and of allocating the interest income or interest expense over the relevant period. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments or receipts throughout the expected life of the financial instrument, or, when appropriate, a shorter period, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or financial liability. When calculating the effective interest rate, the Fund estimates cash flows considering all contractual terms of the financial instrument but does not consider future credit losses. The calculation includes all fees and points paid or received between parties to the contract that are an integral part of the effective interest rate, transaction costs and all other premiums or discounts.

## **M. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results.

To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Funds' results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

### **i. Estimate of fair value of unquoted fixed income securities**

The Fund uses significant judgement in determining whether an investment is impaired. The Fund evaluates, among other factors, the duration and extent to which the fair value of the investment is less than cost, and the financial health and near-term business outlook for the investee, including factors such as industry and sector performance, macroeconomic factors and speculation.

In undertaking any of the Fund's investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value.

Unquoted fixed income securities are valued using fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency (BPA). Where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by BPA for a specific bond differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use the market price, provided that the Manager records its basis for using a non-BPA price, obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price, and keeps an audit trail of all decisions and basis for adopting the use of non-BPA price.

Unquoted fixed income securities denominated in foreign currencies are revalued at daily basis by reference to the price obtained from at least three financial institutions. However, if such quotations are not available or should the gaps of the quotations provided by the financial institutions differ by more than 20 basis points, the valuation shall be determined by reference to the value of such debt securities quoted by Reuters.

# NOTES TO THE UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX MONTHS FINANCIAL PERIOD ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2016

## 1. INFORMATION ON THE FUND

Eastspring Investments Target Income Fund 3 (the “Fund”) was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Deed dated 16 December 2013 followed by a Supplemental Deed dated 2 January 2015 (collectively referred to as the “Deed”) entered into between Eastspring Investments Berhad (the “Manager”) and Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad (the “Trustee”).

The Fund was launched on 16 April 2014 and will continue its operations until terminated by the Trustee or the Manager as provided under Part 12 of the Deed.

The Fund seeks to achieve its objective by investing in local and/or foreign debt securities. The Fund will invest a minimum of 70% of its NAV in local and/or foreign debt securities. Not more than 40% of the Fund’s NAV may be invested either in non-rated debt securities and/or debt securities rated below investment grade rating by RAM, MARC, Standard & Poor’s, Moody’s, Fitch or other rating agencies (i.e. lower than BBB3 rating by RAM or below investment grade rating by other rating agencies) while the remainder will be invested in investment grade bonds. Additionally, up to 30% of the Fund’s NAV may be invested in money market instruments. All investments will be subjected to the SC Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds, the Deed and the objective of the Fund.

The main objective of the Fund is to provide regular income during the tenure of the Fund.

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia and is related to Prudential Plc., a public listed company in the United Kingdom. The principal activity of the Manager is the establishment and management of unit trust funds and asset management.

## 2. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Fund is exposed to market risk (inclusive of price risk, interest rate risk and foreign exchange/currency risk), country risk, fund management risk, liquidity risk, non-compliance risk, capital risk and credit/default risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Deed.

Financial instruments of the Fund are as follows:

	Note	Loans and receivables	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Total
		RM	RM	RM
<u>2016</u>				
Unquoted fixed income securities	6	-	196,998,954	196,998,954
Cash and cash equivalents	7	20,669,771	-	20,669,771
		<u>20,669,771</u>	<u>196,998,954</u>	<u>217,668,725</u>
<u>2015</u>				
Unquoted fixed income securities	6	-	202,956,228	202,956,228
Cash and cash equivalents	7	12,112,152	-	12,112,152
Amount due from brokers		11,286,058	-	11,286,058
		<u>23,398,210</u>	<u>202,956,228</u>	<u>226,354,438</u>

All liabilities are financial liabilities which are carried at amortised cost.

## Market risk

### i. Price risk

This risk refers to changes and developments in regulations, politics and the economy of the country. The very nature of a Unit Trust Fund, however, helps mitigate this risk because a Fund would generally hold a well-diversified portfolio of securities from different market sectors so that the collapse of any one security or any one market sector would not impact too greatly on the value of the Fund.



The table below shows assets of the Fund as at 30 September which are exposed to price risk:

	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Unquoted fixed income securities designated at fair value through profit or loss	196,998,954	202,956,228
<b>Derivatives</b>		
Forward currency contracts	(23,682,903)	(32,600,624)
Swap contracts	(11,996,173)	(20,104,246)

The following table summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net asset value and profit after tax to movements in prices of unquoted fixed income securities and derivatives at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the market price of the unquoted fixed income securities and derivatives increased by 5% and decreased by 5% with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the unquoted fixed income securities and derivatives, having regard to the historical volatility of the prices.

% Change in price of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Market value	Increase/(decrease) in profit after tax and net asset value
	RM	RM
<b>2016</b>		
+5%	169,385,872	8,065,994
-5%	153,253,884	(8,065,994)
<b>2015</b>		
+5%	157,763,926	7,512,568
-5%	142,738,790	(7,512,568)

ii. Interest rate risk

Cash flow interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates.

Fair value interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates.

In general, when interest rates rise, unquoted fixed income securities prices will tend to fall and vice versa. Therefore, the NAV of the Fund may also tend to fall when interest rates rise or are expected to rise. However, investors should be aware that should the Fund holds an unquoted fixed income securities till maturity, such price fluctuations would dissipate as it approaches maturity, and thus the growth of the NAV shall not be affected at maturity. In order to mitigate interest rates exposure of the Fund, the Manager will manage the duration of the portfolio via shorter or longer tenured assets depending on the view of the future interest rate trend of the Manager, which is based on its continuous fundamental research and analysis.

Investors should note that the movement in prices of unquoted fixed income securities, money market instruments and swap contracts are benchmarked against interest rates. As such, the investments are exposed to the movement of the interest rates.

Such investments may be subject to unanticipated rise in interest rates which may impair the ability of the issuers to make payments of interest income and principal, especially if the issuers are highly leveraged. An increase in interest rates may therefore increase the potential for default by an issuer.

The Fund's investments in deposit with a licensed financial institution are short term in nature. Therefore, exposure to interest rate fluctuations is minimal.

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit after tax and NAV to movements in prices of unquoted fixed income securities, money market instruments and swap contracts held by the Fund at the end of the reporting period as a result of movement in interest rate. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the interest rate changed by 1% (2015:5%) with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the interest rate, having regard to the historical volatility of the interest rate.

	2016	2015
% Change in interest rate of unquoted fixed income securities and derivatives	Impact on profit after tax/change in net asset value	Impact on profit after tax/change in net asset value
	RM	RM
+1% (2015: +5%)	(149,619)	(1,243,682)
-1% (2015: -5%)	149,955	1,256,628

iii. Foreign exchange/currency risk

As the Fund may invest its assets in unquoted fixed income securities denominated in a wide range of currencies other than Ringgit Malaysia, the net asset value of the Fund expressed in Ringgit Malaysia may be affected favourably or unfavourably by exchange control regulations or changes in the exchange rates between Ringgit Malaysia and such other currencies. The risk is minimised through investing in a wide range of foreign currencies denominated assets and thus, diversifying the risk of single currency exposure.

In the normal course of investment, the Fund Manager will usually not hedge foreign currency exposure. The Fund Manager may however depending on prevailing market circumstances at particular point in time, choose to use forward or swap contracts for hedging and risk reduction purposes.

The following table sets out the foreign exchange/currency risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund:

	<b>Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss</b>	<b>Cash and cash equivalents</b>	<b>Total</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
<u>2016</u>			
SGD	75,735,231	1,261,599	76,996,830
USD	110,959,346	9,863,631	120,822,977
	<u>186,694,577</u>	<u>11,125,230</u>	<u>197,819,807</u>
<u>2015</u>			
SGD	66,240,407	2,832,046	69,072,453
USD	126,490,821	5,897,865	132,388,686
	<u>192,731,228</u>	<u>8,729,911</u>	<u>201,461,139</u>

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's financial assets to changes in foreign exchange movements at the end of the reporting period. The analysis is based on the assumption that the foreign exchange rate changes by 5% with all variables remain constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in the foreign exchange rate having regard to historical volatility of this rate.

Disclosures below are shown in absolute terms, changes and impacts could be positive or negative.

	Change foreign exchange rate	Impact on profit after tax	Impact on net asset value
	%	RM	RM
<u>2016</u>			
SGD	5	3,849,842	3,849,842
USD	5	6,041,149	6,041,149
<u>2015</u>			
SGD	5	3,453,623	3,453,623
USD	5	6,619,434	6,619,434

### Country risk

A Unit Trust Fund that invests in foreign countries may experience more rapid and extreme changes in value than a unit trust fund that invests exclusively in Malaysia. Nationalisation, expropriation or confiscatory, taxation, currency blockage, political changes or diplomatic developments could adversely affect a Unit Trust Fund's investments in a foreign country. In the event of nationalisation, expropriation or other confiscation, a unit trust fund could lose its entire investment in foreign countries. Adverse conditions in a certain region can adversely affect securities of other countries whose economies appear to be unrelated. Careful consideration shall be given to risk factors such as liquidity, political and economic environment before any investments are made in a foreign country.

### Fund management risk

There is the risk that the management company may not adhere to the investment mandate of the respective Fund. With close monitoring by the investment committee, back office system being incorporated with limits and controls, and regular reporting to the senior management team, the management company is able to manage such risk. The Trustee has an oversight function over management of the Fund by the management company to safeguard the interests of unit holders.

## Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations. Generally, all investments are subject to a certain degree of liquidity risk depending on the nature of the investment instruments, market, sector and other factors. For the purpose of the Fund, the Fund Manager will attempt to balance the entire portfolio by investing in a mix of assets with satisfactory trading volume and those that occasionally could encounter poor liquidity. This is expected to reduce the risks for the entire portfolio without limiting the Fund's growth potentials.

The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellations of units by unit holders. Liquid assets comprise cash, deposit with a licensed financial institution and other instruments which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days.

The table below summarises the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining period as at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 month	Between 1 month to 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM
<u>2016</u>				
Forward currency contracts	-	19,142,908	4,539,995	23,682,903
Swap contracts	-	11,996,173	-	11,996,173
Amount due to Trustee	8,960	-	-	8,960
GST charges payable	538	-	-	538
Other payables and accruals	-	35,166	-	35,166
Contractual cash outflows	9,498	31,174,247	4,539,995	35,723,740

	Less than 1 month	Between 1 month to 1 year	More than 1 year	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM
<u>2015</u>				
Forward currency contracts	-	-	32,600,624	32,600,624
Swap contracts	-	3,771,829	16,332,417	20,104,246
Amount due to Trustee	8,555	-	-	8,555
GST charges payable	513	-	-	513
Other payables and accruals	-	100,005	-	100,005
Contractual cash outflows	9,068	3,871,834	48,933,041	52,813,943

### Non-compliance risk

Non-compliance risk arises when the Manager and others associated with the Fund do not comply to the rules set out in the Fund's constitution or the law that governs the Fund or applicable internal control procedures, or act fraudulently or dishonestly.

The non-compliance may expose the Fund to higher risks which may result in a fall in the value of the Fund which in turn may affect its investment goals. However, the risk can be mitigated by the internal controls and compliance monitoring undertaken by the Manager.

### Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of unit holders' capital and retained earnings. The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unit holders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unit holders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

**Credit/default risk**

Credit risk refers to the ability of an issuer or a counter party to make timely payments of interest, principals and proceeds from realisation of investments. In the case of the Fund, both the Manager and the External Fund Manager regularly review the ratings assigned to the Issuer so that the necessary steps can be taken if the ratings fall below those prescribed by the Securities Commission.

The credit risk arising from placements of deposits in licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions.

The Fund seeks to mitigate credit/default risk by investing in high quality fixed income securities.



The following table sets out the credit risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund:

	Cash and cash equivalents	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Amount due from brokers	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM
<u>2016</u>				
Finance				
- AAA	9,003,452	-	-	9,003,452
- AA1	11,666,319	-	-	11,666,319
Unquoted fixed income securities				
- A-	-	10,475,810	-	10,475,810
- A-2	-	6,469,741	-	6,469,741
- A-3	-	857,849	-	857,849
- AA-	-	10,304,377	-	10,304,377
- B+	-	15,615,054	-	15,615,054
- Baa3	-	7,731,668	-	7,731,668
- BB	-	13,765,063	-	13,765,063
- BB-	-	21,656,833	-	21,656,833
- BB+	-	13,337,428	-	13,337,428
- BBB	-	41,586,243	-	41,586,243
- BBB-	-	19,035,312	-	19,035,312
- BBB+	-	4,451,084	-	4,451,084
- NR	-	31,712,492	-	31,712,492
	20,669,771	196,998,954	-	217,668,725

	Cash and cash equivalents	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Amount due from brokers	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM
<u>2015</u>				
Finance				
- AAA	2,800,614	-	-	2,800,614
- AA1	9,311,538	-	-	9,311,538
Unquoted fixed income securities				
- A-	-	11,074,621	-	11,074,621
- A-2	-	7,034,728	-	7,034,728
- A-3	-	874,756	-	874,756
- AA-	-	10,377,877	-	10,377,877
- B+	-	15,315,409	-	15,315,409
- BB	-	5,112,451	-	5,112,451
- BB-	-	19,467,347	-	19,467,347
- BBB	-	40,753,431	-	40,753,431
- BBB-	-	54,089,046	-	54,089,046
- BBB+	-	4,716,290	-	4,716,290
- Ba2	-	9,038,604	-	9,038,604
- NR	-	25,101,668	-	25,101,668
	<u>12,112,152</u>	<u>202,956,228</u>	<u>11,286,058</u>	<u>226,354,438</u>

None of these assets are past due or impaired.

### Fair value estimation

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

The fair value of financial assets traded in active market (such as publicly traded derivatives and trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the period end date. The Fund utilises the last traded market price

for financial assets where the last traded price falls within the bid-ask spread. In circumstances where the last traded price is not within the bid-ask spread, the Fund Manager will determine the point within the bid-ask spread that is representative of the fair value.

An active market is a market in which transactions for the asset or liability take place with sufficient frequency and volume to provide pricing information on an ongoing basis.

The fair value of financial assets that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Fund uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each period end date. Valuation techniques used for non-standardised financial instruments such as options, currency swaps and other over-the-counter derivatives, include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants making the maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

### **Fair value hierarchy**

- i. The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:
  - Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
  - Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
  - Level 3: Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input

that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement.

Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM
<u>2016</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Unquoted fixed income securities	-	196,998,954	-	196,998,954
Forward currency contracts	-	(23,682,903)	-	(23,682,903)
Swap contracts	-	(11,996,173)	-	(11,996,173)
<u>2015</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:				
Unquoted fixed income securities	-	202,956,228	-	202,956,228
Forward currency contracts	-	(32,600,624)	-	(32,600,624)
Swap contracts	-	(20,104,246)	-	(20,104,246)

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2, these include unquoted fixed income securities and derivatives. As Level 2 instruments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information. The Fund's policies on valuation of these financial assets are stated in Note F to the financial statements.

- ii. The carrying value of cash and cash equivalents, amount due from brokers and all liabilities are a reasonable approximation of their fair values due to their short term nature.

### **3. TRUSTEE FEE**

In accordance with the Deed, the Trustee is entitled to an annual fee, exclusive of foreign custodian fees and charges, at a rate not exceeding 0.06% per annum of the net asset value of the Fund, subject to a minimum fee of RM15,000 per annum.

For the financial period ended 30 September 2016, the Trustee fee is recognised at a rate of 0.06% (2015: 0.06%) per annum on the net asset value of the Fund, excluding foreign custodian charges, calculated on daily basis.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of the trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

#### 4. DISTRIBUTION

	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Distribution to unit holders are from the following sources:		
Exit income (net of tax)	21,634	32,821
Interest income	3,686,941	4,117,292
Net realised gain on sale of investments	804,452	219,219
Amortisation of premium	-	(175,514)
	<u>4,513,027</u>	<u>4,193,818</u>
Gross realised income		
Less: Expenses	(69,439)	(127,002)
Less: Taxation	-	-
	<u>4,443,588</u>	<u>4,066,816</u>
Gross distribution per unit (sen)	<u>0.0257</u>	<u>0.0232</u>
Net distribution per unit (sen)	<u>0.0257</u>	<u>0.0232</u>
Ex-date	<u>23 June 2016</u>	<u>23 June 2015</u>

Gross distribution is derived using total income less total expenses. The distribution is made from current and previous period's realised income.

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation.

## 5. TAXATION

	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2016	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2015
	RM	RM
Tax charged for the financial period:		
Current taxation - local	-	5,238

The numerical reconciliation between profit before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2016	6-months financial period ended 30.9.2015
	RM	RM
Profit before taxation	9,439,894	1,334,726
Tax at Malaysian statutory rate of 24%	2,265,575	320,334
Tax effects of:		
Investment income exempt from tax	(2,289,044)	(336,051)
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes	23,469	19,657
Restriction on tax deductible expenses for Unit Trust Funds	-	1,298
Taxation	-	5,238

## 6. FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

	2016	2015
	RM	RM
Designated at fair value through profit or loss:		
Unquoted fixed income securities	196,998,954	202,956,228
Net gain on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:		
Realised gain on disposals	4,522,429	8,024,690
Change in unrealised fair value gain	8,593,729	19,689,422
	<u>13,116,158</u>	<u>27,714,112</u>

### Unquoted fixed income securities

Name of counter	Quantity	Carrying cost	Fair value	Percentage
			as at 30.9.2016	of net asset value of the Fund
	Units	RM	RM	%
<u>Bond</u>				
6.419% Standard Chartered Plc 30.1.2017 (BB)	1,000,000	4,360,114	4,052,912	2.23
6.25% Dah Sing Bank, Limited 17.2.2017 (BB+)	1,100,000	4,600,316	4,665,069	2.56
9.875% Agile Property Holdings Limited 20.3.2017 (B+)	2,000,000	6,506,293	8,505,865	4.67
6.00% OCBC Wing Hang Bank Limited 20.4.2017 (A-2)	1,500,000	5,019,361	6,469,741	3.55



## Unquoted fixed income securities (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Carrying cost	Fair value as at 30.9.2016	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	Units	RM	RM	%
<u>Bond</u> (continued)				
6.25% Chalco Hong Kong Investment Company Limited 29.4.2017 (NR)	2,000,000	6,915,678	8,564,718	4.71
6.375% The Bank of East Asia Limited 4.5.2017 (A-)	1,000,000	3,374,289	4,347,034	2.39
6.20% Yanlord Land Group Limited 8.5.2017 (BB-)	2,000,000	5,327,918	6,269,686	3.45
8.00% Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank For Industry and Trade 17.5.2017 (BB-)	1,700,000	5,771,218	7,434,539	4.09
6.50% Central China Real Estate Limited 26.5.2017 (B+)	2,000,000	5,277,725	6,248,384	3.43
6.00% Sports Toto Malaysia Sdn Bhd 30.6.2017 (AA-)	10,000,000	10,264,923	10,304,377	5.66
5.125% Genting Singapore Plc 12.9.2017 (BBB)	11,500,000	31,086,624	35,318,923	19.41
4.25% The Bank of East Asia Limited 13.9.2017 (A-)	2,000,000	5,206,873	6,128,776	3.37

## Unquoted fixed income securities (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Carrying cost	Fair value as at 30.9.2016	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	Units	RM	RM	%
<u>Bond</u> (continued)				
2.875% BOC Aviation Pte Ltd 10.10.2017 (BBB+)	1,050,000	3,427,924	4,451,084	2.45
7.35% Vibrant Group Limited 11.10.2017 (NR)	4,000,000	10,698,332	11,657,059	6.41
4.70% Franshion Investment Limited 26.10.2017 (BBB-)	500,000	1,855,001	2,151,710	1.18
6.25% Future Land Development Holdings Limited 12.11.2017 (B+)	200,000	877,332	860,805	0.47
3.10% Yuexiu Real Estate Investment Trust 14.5.2018 (BBB)	1,000,000	3,245,653	4,209,546	2.31
5.375% Franshion Brilliant Limited 17.10.2018 (BBB-)	1,000,000	3,346,251	4,444,942	2.44
4.875% Wanda Properties Overseas Limited 21.11.2018 (BB+)	2,000,000	7,582,681	8,672,359	4.77
5.125% China Overseas Grand Oceans Finance II (Cayman) Ltd 23.1.2019 (BBB-)	1,500,000	5,131,690	6,567,900	3.61

## Unquoted fixed income securities (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Carrying cost	Fair value as at 30.9.2016	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	Units	RM	RM	%
<u>Bond</u> (continued)				
4.875% PTT Exploration and Production Public Company Limited 18.6.2019 (BBB-)	1,000,000	3,619,051	4,256,778	2.34
4.375% Greenland Global Investment Ltd 3.7.2019 (BB)	2,300,000	7,738,905	9,712,151	5.34
4.25% Turkiye Cumhuriyeti Ziraat Bankasi Anonim Sirketi 3.7.2019 (Baa3)	500,000	1,623,883	2,083,003	1.14
7.50% SMC Global Power Holdings Corp 7.11.2019 (NR)	1,000,000	3,425,759	4,560,695	2.51
5.625% HSBC Holdings Plc 17.1.2020 (BBB)	300,000	1,254,978	1,241,558	0.68
6.50% Standard Chartered Plc 2.4.2020 (BB-)	2,000,000	8,071,570	7,952,608	4.37
3.50% CCCI Treasure Limited 21.4.2020 (A-3)	200,000	753,455	857,849	0.47
4.98% Keppel Reit 2.11.2020 (NR)	250,000	777,077	799,116	0.44
4.75% ABN Amro Bank N.V. 1.4.2021 (BBB-)	500,000	1,511,735	1,613,982	0.89

## Unquoted fixed income securities (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Carrying cost	Fair value as at 30.9.2016	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	Units	RM	RM	%
<u>Bond (continued)</u>				
7.00% Lippo Malls Indonesia Retail Trust 27.9.2021 (NR)	2,000,000	6,086,449	6,130,904	3.37
4.00% Ascott Reit Mtn Pte. Ltd. 22.3.2024 (Baa3)	500,000	1,502,728	1,568,401	0.86
6.375% HSBC Holdings Plc 17.9.2024 (Baa3)	1,000,000	4,179,667	4,080,264	2.24
6.375% HSBC Holdings Plc 30.3.2025 (BBB)	200,000	729,546	816,216	0.45
	<u>60,800,000</u>	<u>171,150,999</u>	<u>196,998,954</u>	<u>108.26</u>

**ACCUMULATED  
UNREALISED GAIN ON  
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT  
FAIR VALUE THROUGH  
PROFIT OR LOSS**

25,847,955

**FAIR VALUE OF  
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT  
FAIR VALUE THROUGH  
PROFIT OR LOSS**

196,998,954

## Unquoted fixed income securities (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Carrying cost	Fair value as at 30.9.2015	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	Units	RM	RM	%
<u>Bond</u>				
7.00% Theta Capital Pte Ltd 16.5.2016 (BB-)	1,000,000	3,460,239	4,269,870	2.46
7.20% Yancoal International Trading Co Ltd 22.5.2016 (Ba2)	2,000,000	6,961,874	9,038,604	5.21
9.875% Agile Property Holdings Limited 20.3.2017 (B+)	2,000,000	6,655,836	9,034,216	5.21
6.00% OCBC Wing Hang Bank Limited 20.4.2017 (A-2)	1,500,000	5,127,981	7,034,728	4.05
6.25% Chalco Hong Kong Investment Company Limited 29.4.2017 (NR)	2,000,000	6,993,187	9,107,023	5.25
6.375% The Bank of East Asia Limited 4.5.2017 (A-)	1,000,000	3,480,975	4,737,528	2.73
6.20% Yanlord Land Group Limited 8.5.2017 (B+)	2,000,000	5,369,635	6,281,193	3.62
8.00% Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank 17.5.2017 (BB-)	1,700,000	5,946,800	7,986,320	4.60
6.50% Central China Real Estate Limited 26.5.2017 (BB-)	2,000,000	5,287,097	6,245,317	3.60

## Unquoted fixed income securities (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Carrying cost	Fair value as at 30.9.2015	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	Units	RM	RM	%
<u>Bond</u> (continued)				
6.00% Sports Toto Malaysia Sdn Bhd 30.6.2017 (AA-)	10,000,000	10,410,516	10,377,877	5.98
5.125% Genting Singapore Plc 12.9.2017 (BBB)	12,000,000	32,392,948	35,523,504	20.47
4.25% The Bank of East Asia Limited 13.9.2017 (A-)	2,000,000	5,271,351	6,337,093	3.65
2.875% BOC Aviation Pte Ltd 10.10.2017 (BBB+)	1,050,000	3,430,470	4,716,290	2.72
7.35% Vibrant Group Limited 11.10.2017 (NR)	4,000,000	10,710,505	11,853,300	6.83
4.70% Franshion Investment Limited 26.10.2017 (BBB-)	500,000	1,877,659	2,269,271	1.31
7.25% Yingde Gases Investment Limited 28.2.2018 (BB-)	300,000	962,888	965,840	0.56
3.10% Yuexiu Real Estate Investment Trust 14.5.2018 (BBB)	1,000,000	3,228,898	4,392,714	2.51
4.50% Poly Real Estate Finance Limited 6.8.2018 (BBB-)	2,000,000	7,605,605	9,040,698	5.21

Unquoted fixed income securities (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Carrying cost	Fair value as at 30.9.2015	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	Units	RM	RM	%
<u>Bond</u> (continued)				
5.375% Franshion Brilliant Limited 17.10.2018 (BBB-)	1,000,000	3,368,637	4,646,593	2.68
4.875% Wanda Properties Overseas Limited 21.11.2018 (BBB-)	2,000,000	7,660,319	9,162,318	5.28
5.125% China Overseas Grand Oceans Finance II (Cayman) Ltd 23.1.2019 (BBB-)	1,500,000	5,166,749	6,785,768	3.91
5.25% Poly Real Estate Group Company Limited 25.4.2019 (BBB-)	1,200,000	4,082,365	5,602,561	3.23
4.875% PTT Exploration and Production Public Company Limited 18.6.2019 (BBB-)	1,000,000	3,613,493	4,383,885	2.53
4.375% Greenland Global Investment Ltd 3.7.2019 (BBB-)	2,300,000	7,738,642	10,006,497	5.77
4.25% Turkiye Cumhuriyeti Ziraat Bankasi Anonim Sirketi 3.7.2019 (BBB-)	500,000	1,624,244	2,191,455	1.26

## Unquoted fixed income securities (continued)

Name of counter	Quantity	Carrying cost	Fair value as at 30.9.2015	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund
	Units	RM	RM	%
<u>Bond (continued)</u>				
7.50% SMC Global Power Holdings Corp 7.11.2019 (NR)	1,000,000	3,454,611	4,141,345	2.39
3.50% CCCI Treasure Limited 21.4.2020 (A-3)	200,000	754,270	874,756	0.50
6.375% HSBC Holdings Plc 30.3.2025 (BBB)	200,000	729,556	837,213	0.48
6.50% Standard Chartered Plc 2.4.2020 (BB)	1,200,000	4,617,201	5,112,451	2.95
	<u>60,150,000</u>	<u>167,984,551</u>	<u>202,956,228</u>	<u>116.95</u>

**ACCUMULATED  
UNREALISED GAIN ON  
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT  
FAIR VALUE THROUGH  
PROFIT OR LOSS**

34,971,677

**FAIR VALUE OF  
FINANCIAL ASSETS AT  
FAIR VALUE THROUGH  
PROFIT OR LOSS**

202,956,228



The effective weighted average rate of return of unquoted fixed income securities per annum as at the date of the statement of financial position is as follows:

	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
	<b>%</b>	<b>%</b>
Unquoted fixed income securities	5.20	6.04

## 7. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
Bank balances	11,666,319	9,311,538
Deposit with a licensed financial institution	9,003,452	2,800,614
	<u>20,669,771</u>	<u>12,112,152</u>

The currency exposure profile of cash and cash equivalents is as follows:

	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
	<b>RM</b>	<b>RM</b>
MYR	9,544,541	3,382,241
SGD	1,261,599	2,832,046
USD	9,863,631	5,897,865
	<u>20,669,771</u>	<u>12,112,152</u>

The effective weighted average interest rate of short term deposit with a licensed financial institution per annum as at the date of the statement of financial position is as follows:

	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
	<b>%</b>	<b>%</b>
Deposit with a licensed financial institution	3.50	4.00

The deposit has an average maturity of 7 days (2015: 5 days).

## 8. FORWARD CURRENCY CONTRACTS

As at the date of statement of financial position, there are 23 (2015: 23) forward currency contracts outstanding. The notional principal amount of the outstanding forward currency contracts amounted to RM23,682,903 payable (2015: RM32,600,624 payable). The forward currency contracts entered into during the financial period were for hedging against the currency exposure arising from the investment in the foreign unquoted fixed income securities denominated in SGD and US Dollar. As the Fund has not adopted hedge accounting during the financial period, the change in the fair value of the forward currency contract is recognised immediately in the statement of comprehensive income.

## 9. UNITS IN CIRCULATION

	<b>2016</b>	<b>2015</b>
	<b>No. of units</b>	<b>No. of units</b>
At the beginning of the financial period	173,094,483	175,595,801
Cancellation of units during the financial period	<u>(895,048)</u>	<u>(731,910)</u>
At the end of the financial period	<u>172,199,435</u>	<u>174,863,891</u>

## 10. TRANSACTIONS WITH BROKERS/DEALERS

Details of transactions with the top 10 brokers/dealers are as follows:

Name of brokers/dealers	Value of trades	Percentage of total trades	Brokerage fees	Percentage of total brokerage fees
	RM	%	RM	%
<u>2016</u>				
Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited	16,795,887	54.88	-	-
Direct	13,806,801	45.12	-	-
	<u>30,602,688</u>	<u>100.00</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>

Details of transactions, primarily cash placements with financial institutions for the financial period ended 30 September 2016 are as follows:

Financial institutions	Value of placements	Percentage of total placements
	RM	%
CIMB Bank Berhad	120,000,000	77.42
Hong Leong Bank Berhad	13,000,000	8.39
Public Bank Berhad	9,000,000	5.81
United Overseas Bank (Malaysia) Berhad	8,500,000	5.48
RHB Bank Berhad	4,500,000	2.90
	<u>155,000,000</u>	<u>100.00</u>

Details of transactions with the top 10 brokers/dealers are as follows:

Name of brokers/dealers	Value of trades	Percentage of total trades	Brokerage fees	Percentage of total brokerage fees
	RM	%	RM	%
<u>2015</u>				
Oversea-Chinese Banking Corporation Limited	99,963,779	81.88	-	-
Citigroup Global Markets Limited	5,181,543	4.24	-	-
CIMB Securities (Singapore) Pte Ltd.	5,035,000	4.12	-	-
DBS Bank Ltd	4,481,880	3.67	-	-
UBS AG London	3,091,232	2.53	-	-
Goldman Sachs International London	2,845,913	2.33	-	-
Merrill Lynch International Ltd	743,535	0.61	-	-
HSBC Singapore	740,600	0.62	-	-
	<u>122,083,482</u>	<u>100.00</u>	-	-

Details of transactions, primarily cash placements with financial institutions for the financial period ended 30 September 2015 are as follows:

Financial institutions	Value of placements	Percentage of total placements
	RM	%
CIMB Bank Berhad	48,400,000	78.96
Hong Leong Bank Berhad	9,300,000	15.17
Public Bank Berhad	3,600,000	5.87
	<u>61,300,000</u>	<u>100.00</u>

All brokers/dealers highlighted above are not related to the Manager.

## 11. UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER

The related party of and its relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Related party	Relationship			
Eastspring Investments Berhad	The Manager			

	2016		2015	
	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
Eastspring Investments Berhad	<u>1,000</u>	<u>1,057</u>	<u>1,000</u>	<u>993</u>

The above units were transacted at the prevailing market price.

The units are held legally by the Manager and are within the prescribed limit allowed by Securities Commission's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds. Other than the above, there were no units held by the Directors or parties related to the Manager.

**12. MANAGEMENT EXPENSE RATIO ("MER")**

	2016	2015
	%	%
MER	0.05	0.05

MER is derived from the following calculation:

$$\text{MER} = \frac{(A + B + C + D)}{E} \times 100$$

A = Trustee fee

B = Audit fee

C = Tax agent fee

D = Other expenses (inclusive GST charges)

E = Average net asset value of the Fund calculated on a daily basis

The average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on a daily basis is RM180,396,108 (2015: RM177,234,243).

**13. PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")**

	2016	2015
PTR (times)	0.08	0.34

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

$$\frac{(\text{Total acquisitions for the financial period} + \text{total disposals for the financial period}) \div 2}{\text{Average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on a daily basis}}$$

where:

total acquisitions for the financial period = RM10,918,277 (2015: RM51,115,339)

total disposals for the financial period = RM19,684,411 (2015: RM70,968,143)

#### **14. SEGMENTAL INFORMATION**

The internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker for the Fund's assets, liabilities and performance is prepared on a consistent basis with the measurement and recognition principles of MFRS and IFRS. The CEO, who is the chief operating decision-maker, is responsible for the performance of the Fund and considers the business to have a single operating segment located in Malaysia. Asset allocation decisions are based on a single, integrated investment strategy and the Fund's performance is evaluated on an overall basis.

The reportable operating segment derives its income by seeking investments to achieve targeted returns consummate with an acceptable level of risk within the portfolio. These returns consist of interest income and gains on the appreciation in the value of investments, and is derived from Ringgit-denominated unquoted fixed income securities traded in Malaysia and unquoted fixed income securities in foreign markets where the regulatory authority is a member of the International Organisation of Securities Commission ("IOSCO").

There were no changes in the reportable operating segments during the financial period.

#### **15. APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The financial statements have been approved for issue by the Manager on 18 November 2016.

# CORPORATE DIRECTORY

## **THE MANAGER**

NAME

EASTSPRING INVESTMENTS BERHAD

COMPANY NO.

531241-U

REGISTERED OFFICE

16<sup>th</sup> Floor, Wisma Sime Darby

Jalan Raja Laut

50350 Kuala Lumpur

BUSINESS OFFICE

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603-2052 3388

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603-2070 6129

EMAIL

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WEBSITE

www.eastspringinvestments.com.my

## **BOARD OF DIRECTORS OF THE MANAGER**

Julian Christopher Vivian Pull

*(Chairman, Non-independent,  
non-executive director)*

Iskander Bin Ismail Mohamed Ali

*(Independent, non-executive director)*

Khoo Chuan Keat

*(Independent, non-executive director)*

Michele Mi Kyung Bang

*(Non-independent, non-executive director)*

Raymond Tang Chee Kin

*(Non-independent, executive director)*

## **INVESTMENT COMMITTEE OF THE FUND**

Ho Yik

*(Independent member)*

Robert Yap Yen Choon

*(Independent member)*

Abdul Khalil Bin Abdul Hamid

*(Independent member)*

Dato' Saiful Bahri Bin Zainuddin

*(Independent member)*

Raymond Tang Chee Kin

*(Non-Independent member)*



**AUDIT AND COMPLIANCE  
COMMITTEE OF THE MANAGER**

Iskander Bin Ismail Mohamed Ali  
(Independent)

Khoo Chuan Keat  
(Independent)

Niall Dermot Grady  
(Non-independent)

**MANAGER'S DELEGATE - FUND VALUER**

NAME  
DEUTSCHE BANK (MALAYSIA) BERHAD

COMPANY NO.  
312552-W

REGISTERED OFFICE  
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No. 8, Jalan Sultan Ismail  
50250 Kuala Lumpur

BUSINESS OFFICE  
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603-2053 6788

FAX NO.  
603-2031 8710

**MANAGER'S DELEGATE -  
REGISTRAR AND TRANSFER AGENT**

NAME  
KARVY COMPUTERSHARE  
(MALAYSIA) SDN BHD

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**COMPANY SECRETARY OF  
THE MANAGER**

NAME  
VIJEY A/L R. MOHANA KRISHNAN  
(BCN/143)

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RDL Corporate Services Sdn Bhd  
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**TRUSTEE**

NAME

DEUTSCHE TRUSTEES MALAYSIA BERHAD

COMPANY NO.

763590-H

REGISTERED OFFICE &  
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**TRUSTEE'S DELEGATE - CUSTODIAN**

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COMPANY NO.

312552-W

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**TAXATION ADVISER OF**

**THE FUND**

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PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS  
TAXATION SERVICES SDN BHD

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**AUDITORS OF THE MANAGER**

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**AUDITORS AND REPORTING  
ACCOUNTANT OF THE FUND**

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TELEPHONE NO.

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**PRINCIPAL BANKERS**

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NAME

MALAYAN BANKING BERHAD

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TELEPHONE NO.

603-2070 8833

NAME

STANDARD CHARTERED BANK  
MALAYSIA BERHAD

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NAME

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**SOLICITORS**

NAME

MESSRS NAQIZ & PARTNERS

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603-2081 7888

**FEDERATION OF INVESTMENT  
MANAGERS MALAYSIA (FiMM)**

ADDRESS

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**SALE & PURCHASE OF UNITS**  
**Eastspring Investments Berhad**

Level 12, Menara Prudential  
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**BRANCHES**

**Petaling Jaya**

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**Kota Kinabalu**

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**ENQUIRIES**

CLIENT SERVICES  
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